

L22 9 S L16 AND L20

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:45:06 ON 02 AUG 2007  
L23 76956 S BA/ELS NOT C/ELS

FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 13:04:24 ON 02 AUG 2007  
L24 271959 S L23  
L25 120 S L8 AND L24 AND L13  
L26 24 S L25 AND L14  
L27 26 S L25 AND L15  
L28 8 S (L26 OR L27) AND L20  
L29 19 S L25 AND L20  
L30 20 S L18 OR L21 OR L22 OR L28  
L31 16 S (L17 OR L29) NOT L30  
L32 16 S (L26 OR L27) NOT (L30 OR L31)  
L33 19 S 1840-2004/PY,PRY AND L30  
L34 15 S 1840-2004/PY,PRY AND L31  
L35 14 S 1840-2004/PY,PRY AND L32

=> FILE HCA

FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 13:14:26 ON 02 AUG 2007  
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=> D L33 1-19 BIB ABS HITSTR HITIND

L33 ANSWER 1 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 144:401663 HCA Full-text

TI Nanostructured coating and coating method

IN Valle, Karine; Belleville, Philippe; Wittmann-Teneze, Karine;  
Bianchi, Luc; Blein, Franck

PA Commissariat a l'Energie Atomique, Fr.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA French

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI WO 2006043006 A1 20060427 WO 2005-FR50870

200510

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W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA,  
CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI,  
GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM,  
KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK,  
MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO,  
RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,  
UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU,  
IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,  
BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD,  
TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM,  
ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

FR 2877015 A1 20060428 FR 2004-52390

200410

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EP 1802783 A1 20070704 EP 2005-815486  
200510  
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R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU,  
IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK,  
TR

PRAI FR 2004-52390 A 20041021 <--  
WO 2005-FR50870 W 20051020

AB The invention relates to a method for coating a surface with nanoparticles, to a nanostructured coating that can be obtained by using this method, and to a device for carrying out the inventive method. The method is characterized in that it involves an injection of a colloidal sol of these nanoparticles into a plasma jet that projects these onto the surface. The device comprises plasma torch, at least one reservoir contg. the colloidal sol of nanoparticles; a device for fixing and displacing the substrate (S), and; an injection system for injecting the colloidal sol into the plasma jet of the plasma torch. The invention can be used in optical, electronic, and energy (battery, thermal barrier) devices comprising a nanostructured coating that can be obtained by using the aforementioned method.

IT 1304-28-5P, Barium oxide, properties 1313-13-9P,  
Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>), properties 13463-67-7P,  
**Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>), properties**  
(nanostructured coating and coating method)

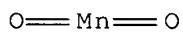
RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba == O

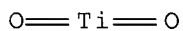
RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 13463-67-7 HCA

CN Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 75-1 (Crystallography and Liquid Crystals)

Section cross-reference(s): 66, 73, 76

IT Coating materials

Coating process

Colloids

Doping

Electric apparatus

Jets

Nanoparticles

Nanostructures

Optical instruments

Plasma

Primary batteries

Secondary batteries

Semiconductor devices

Sol-gel processing

Sols

(nanostructured coating and coating method)

IT 1304-28-5P, Barium oxide, properties 1306-38-3P, Cerium

oxide (CeO<sub>2</sub>), properties 1308-04-9P, Cobalt oxide (Co<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)

1308-38-9P, Chromia, properties 1309-37-1P, Iron oxide (Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>), properties 1309-48-4P, Magnesium oxide (MgO), properties

1312-43-2P, Indium oxide (In<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 1313-13-9P, Manganese

oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>), properties 1313-96-8P, Niobium oxide

(Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>) 1313-99-1P, Nickel oxide, properties 1314-08-5P,

Palladium oxide 1314-13-2P, Zinc oxide (ZnO), properties

1314-20-1P, Thoria, properties 1314-23-4P, Zirconium oxide (ZrO<sub>2</sub>), properties 1314-35-8P, Tungsten oxide (WO<sub>3</sub>), properties

1314-36-9P, Yttrium oxide (Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>), properties 1314-61-0P, Tantalum

oxide (Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>) 1314-62-1P, Vanadia, properties 1317-34-6P,

Manganese oxide (Mn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 1317-35-7P, Manganese oxide (Mn<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>)

1317-61-9P, Iron oxide (Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>), properties 1332-37-2P, Iron oxide, properties 1335-25-7P, Lead oxide 1344-28-1P, Aluminum oxide (Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>), properties 1344-70-3P, Copper oxide 1345-13-7P, Cerium oxide (Ce<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 7440-02-0P, Nickel, properties 7440-05-3P, Palladium, properties 7440-06-4P, Platinum, properties 7440-16-6P, Rhodium, properties 7440-18-8P, Ruthenium, properties 7440-22-4P, Silver, properties 7440-57-5P, Gold, properties 7631-86-9P, Silicon oxide(SIO<sub>2</sub>), properties 11099-11-9P, Vanadium oxide 11104-61-3P, Cobalt oxide 11113-84-1P, Ruthenium oxide 11129-60-5P, Manganese oxide 11129-89-8P, Platinum oxide 12018-34-7P, Chromium oxide (Cr<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>) 12036-10-1P, Ruthenium dioxide 12036-21-4P, Vanadium dioxide 12047-27-7P, Barium titanate(batio<sub>3</sub>), properties 12055-23-1P, Hafnium oxide (HfO<sub>2</sub>) 12060-08-1P, Scandium oxide (Sc<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 12680-36-3P, Rhodium oxide 12770-85-3P, Europium oxide **13463-67-7P, Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>)**, properties 18282-10-5P, Tin oxide (SnO<sub>2</sub>) 20667-12-3P, Silver oxide 37303-24-5P, Barium strontium titanium oxide ((Ba,Sr)TiO<sub>3</sub>) 39403-39-9P, Gold oxide 113229-22-4P, Lead titanium zirconium oxide ((Pb,Zr)TiO<sub>3</sub>) 169767-72-0P, Strontium oxide (Sr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)  
(nanostructured coating and coating method)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L33 ANSWER 2 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 144:72309 HCA Full-text

TI Alkaline **dry cells** containing alkaline earth

metal (hydr)oxides and suppressing inner pressure rise

IN Yamakawa, Naoko; Takagi, Ryosuke; Yamamoto, Kenta; Enokiya, Tadaki; Tahara, Takumi

PA Sony Corp., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI	JP 2006004900	A	20060105	JP 2004-237188 200408 17
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PRAI JP 2004-150320 A 20040520 <--

AB The cells, having good leakage resistance and preventing valves from breaking on H(g) evolution, have **MnO<sub>2</sub>**-based cathode active masses and **Zn**-based **anode** active masses wherein Cu- or Zn alloy-based

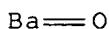
current collectors contg. (hydr)oxides of Mg, Ca, Ba, and/or Sr as additives and being coated with 0.050-0.80  $\mu\text{m}$ -thick Sn are equipped. The Sn are formed by electroless plating.

IT 1304-28-5, Baria, uses 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide

(anode additives; alk. **dry cells** contg. alk. earth metal (hydr)oxides and suppressing inner pressure rise and leakage)

RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 17194-00-2 HCA

CN Barium hydroxide ( $\text{Ba}(\text{OH})_2$ ) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses

(cathode active mass; alk. **dry cells** contg. alk. earth metal (hydr)oxides and suppressing inner pressure rise and leakage)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide ( $\text{MnO}_2$ ) (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST hydrogen evolution internal pressure rise prevention **dry**

**cell**; alk earth hydroxide current collector **dry**

**cell**; leakage resistance alk **dry cell**

calcia contg; tin coated current collector alk **dry**

**cell**

IT **Dry cell primary batteries**

(alk.; alk. **dry cells** contg. alk. earth metal (hydr)oxides and suppressing inner pressure rise and leakage)

IT Zinc alloy, base

(anode current collectors; alk. **dry cells** contg. alk. earth metal (hydr)oxides and

suppressing inner pressure rise and leakage)

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses  
 (anode active mass; alk. **dry cells**  
 contg. alk. earth metal (hydr)oxides and suppressing inner  
 pressure rise and leakage)

IT 1304-28-5, Baria, uses 1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, uses  
 1305-78-8, Calcia, uses 1309-42-8, Magnesium hydroxide  
 1309-48-4, Magnesia, uses 1314-11-0, Strontia, uses  
**17194-00-2**, Barium hydroxide 18480-07-4, Strontium  
 hydroxide  
 (anode additives; alk. **dry cells** contg. alk.  
 earth metal (hydr)oxides and suppressing inner pressure rise and  
 leakage)

IT 7440-50-8, Copper, uses  
 (anode current collectors; alk. **dry cells**  
 contg. alk. earth metal (hydr)oxides and suppressing inner  
 pressure rise and leakage)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses  
 (cathode active mass; alk. **dry cells** contg.  
 alk. earth metal (hydr)oxides and suppressing inner pressure rise  
 and leakage)

IT 7440-31-5, Tin, uses  
 (current collector plating layers; alk. **dry**  
**cells** contg. alk. earth metal (hydr)oxides and  
 suppressing inner pressure rise and leakage)

L33 ANSWER 3 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 140:256341 HCA Full-text

TI Battery with high electrode interfacial surface area

IN Slezak, Philip J.

PA Eveready Battery Company, Inc., USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 23 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI US 2004058234 A1 20040325 US 2002-251002  
 200209  
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US 6869727 B2 20050322  
 US 2004058235 A1 20040325 US 2003-376830  
 200302

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WO 2004027899 A2 20040401 WO 2003-US29360  
 200309  
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WO 2004027899 A3 20050324

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH,  
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 LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ,  
 NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ,  
 TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,  
 BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,  
 EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE,  
 SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,  
 NE, SN, TD, TG

WO 2004027894 A2 20040401 WO 2003-US29436  
 200309  
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WO 2004027894 A3 20041014

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 GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,  
 LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ,  
 NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ,  
 TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,  
 BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,  
 EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE,  
 SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,  
 NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2003267282 A1 20040408 AU 2003-267282  
 200309  
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AU 2003270765 A1 20040408 AU 2003-270765  
 200309  
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EP 1540754 A2 20050615 EP 2003-749755  
 200309  
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R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,  
PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU,  
SK

EP 1543574 A2 20050622 EP 2003-752476  
200309  
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PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU,  
SK

CN 1682396 A 20051012 CN 2003-822448  
200309  
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CN 1695263 A 20051109 CN 2003-822486  
200309  
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JP 2006500742 T 20060105 JP 2004-537973  
200309  
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JP 2006500744 T 20060105 JP 2004-538202  
200309  
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US 2005170246 A1 20050804 US 2005-51313  
200502  
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IN 2005DN00860 A 20070126 IN 2005-DN860  
200503  
04

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PRAI US 2002-251002 A2 20020920 <--  
US 2003-376830 A 20030228 <--  
WO 2003-US29360 W 20030917 <--  
WO 2003-US29436 W 20030917 <--

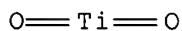
AB An electrochem. battery cell in accordance with the invention has a high electrode interfacial surface area to improve high rate discharge capacity, and the shapes of the electrodes facilitate the manuf. of cells of high quality and reliability at high speeds suitable for large scale prodn. The interfacial surfaces of the solid body electrodes have radially extending lobes that increase the interfacial surface area. The lobes do not have sharp corners, and the concave areas formed between the lobes are wide open, to facilitate assembly of the separator and insertion of the other electrode into the concave areas without leaving voids between the separator and either electrode.

IT 13463-67-7, Titania, uses

(Nb-doped; **battery** with high electrode interfacial surface area)

RN 13463-67-7 HCA

CN Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-66-6,

Zinc, uses

(**battery** with high electrode interfacial surface area)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

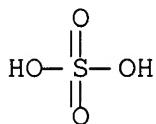


IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate

(**battery** with high electrode interfacial surface area)

RN 7727-43-7 HCA

CN Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM H01M004-02

ICS H01M006-08

INCL 429164000; 429209000; 429206000

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST battery high electrode interfacial surface area

IT Battery electrodes

Primary batteries

Surface area

(battery with high electrode interfacial surface area)

IT 13463-67-7, Titania, uses

(Nb-doped; battery with high electrode interfacial surface area)

IT 7440-03-1, Niobium, uses

(TiO<sub>2</sub> doped with; battery with high electrode interfacial surface area)

IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(battery with high electrode interfacial surface area)

IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses

(battery with high electrode interfacial surface area)

RE.CNT 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L33 ANSWER 4 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 140:238481 HCA Full-text

TI Lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery

IN Neudecker, Bernd J.; Lanning, Bruce; Benson, Martin H.; Armstrong, Joseph H.

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 30 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.      KIND    DATE      APPLICATION NO.      DATE

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PI US 2004048157      A1    20040311    US 2002-238905

200209

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PRAI US 2002-238905      20020911 <--

AB The manuf. and use of multilayer thin-film batteries, such as inverted lithium-free batteries is explained. The present invention provides a battery that may include a lithium vanadium oxide LixV<sub>2</sub>O<sub>y</sub> (0 < x ≤ 100, 0 < y ≤ 5) pos. cathode or neg. anode. The present invention may also provide for a thin-film battery that may be formed on a wide variety of substrate materials and geometries.

IT 7440-39-3, Barium, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(dopant; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film battery)

RN 7440-39-3 HCA  
CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba

RN 7440-66-6 HCA  
CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses  
(lithium vanadium oxide thin-film **battery**)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA  
CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

O—Mn—O

IC ICM H01M004-48

ICS H01M004-66; B05D005-12

INCL 429231200; 429231500; 429245000; 029623500; 427126300

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST lithium vanadium oxide thin film **battery**

IT Electric arc  
(cathodic, deposition; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film  
**battery**)

IT Vapor deposition process  
(chem.; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film **battery**)

IT Sputtering  
(diode, reactive and nonreactive; lithium vanadium oxide  
thin-film **battery**)

IT Vapor deposition process  
(electron-beam, reactive and nonreactive; lithium vanadium oxide  
thin-film **battery**)

IT Plasma  
(evapn. assisted by; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film  
**battery**)

IT Vapor deposition process  
(ion plating, plasma assisted; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film

**battery)**

IT Battery anodes  
Battery cathodes  
Molecular beam epitaxy  
Primary batteries  
(lithium vanadium oxide thin-film **battery**)

IT Vapor deposition process  
(photochem.; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film **battery**)

IT Vapor deposition process  
(plasma, electron-beam directed, reactive and nonreactive;  
lithium vanadium oxide thin-film **battery**)

IT Alcohols, uses  
(polyhydric, support; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film  
**battery**)

IT Laser radiation  
(pulsed, deposition; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film  
**battery**)

IT Electron beam evaporation  
Magnetron sputtering  
(reactive and nonreactive; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film  
**battery**)

IT Ceramics  
Semiconductor materials  
(support; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film **battery**)

IT Alloys, uses  
Glass, uses  
Metals, uses  
Polyamides, uses  
Polycarbonates, uses  
Polyesters, uses  
Polyimides, uses  
Polysiloxanes, uses  
Polyurethanes, uses  
Rubber, uses  
(support; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film **battery**)

IT Evaporation  
(thermal, reactive and nonreactive; lithium vanadium oxide  
thin-film **battery**)

IT Vapor deposition process  
(vacuum; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film **battery**)

IT 1344-28-1, Aluminum oxide, uses 7631-86-9, Silica, uses  
11104-85-1, Molybdenum silicide 11105-01-4, Silicon nitride oxide  
11115-87-0, Hafnium nitride 11116-16-8, Titanium nitride  
11116-19-1, Yttrium carbide 11116-21-5, Yttrium nitride  
11129-37-6, Hafnium carbide 11130-49-7, Chromium carbide  
11130-73-7, Tungsten carbide 12007-23-7, Hafnium boride

12033-62-4, Tantalum nitride (TaN) 12033-89-5, Silicon nitride,  
uses 12069-94-2, Niobium carbide 12070-08-5, Titanium carbide  
12070-10-9, Vanadium carbide (VC) 12070-14-3, Zirconium carbide  
(ZrC) 12626-44-7, Chromium silicide 12626-91-4, Molybdenum  
boride 12627-39-3, Tungsten boride 12627-41-7, Tungsten silicide  
12627-57-5, Molybdenum carbide 12633-97-5, Aluminum nitride oxide  
12648-34-9, Niobium nitride 12653-55-3, Chromium boride  
12653-77-9, Niobium boride 12653-85-9, Tantalum boride  
12653-88-2, Vanadium boride 12673-91-5, Titanium boride  
12674-04-3, Vanadium nitride 12705-37-2, Chromium nitride  
12738-91-9, Titanium silicide 12741-10-5, Zirconium boride  
24304-00-5, Aluminum nitride 37189-51-8, Zirconium silicide  
37245-81-1, Molybdenum nitride 37271-26-4, Titanium nitride oxide  
37359-53-8, Tungsten nitride 39336-13-5, Niobium silicide  
51680-51-4, Tantalum carbide 52037-56-6, Vanadium silicide  
53801-50-6, Yttrium boride 60304-33-8, Hafnium silicide  
102427-06-5, Yttrium silicide 107992-37-0, Silicon carbide  
(Si0-1C0-1) 113443-18-8, Silicon monoxide 119173-61-4, Zirconium  
nitride 184905-46-2, Lithium nitrogen phosphorus oxide

(barrier layer; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film **battery**

)

IT 7440-50-8, Copper, uses 12054-11-4, Cusn 12597-68-1, Stainless  
steel, uses 12767-50-9, Phosphor bronze  
(current collector; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film  
**battery**)

IT 7440-44-0, Diamond-like carbon, uses  
(diamond-like, barrier layer; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film  
**battery**)

IT 1333-74-0, Hydrogen, uses 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7439-89-6,  
Iron, uses 7439-91-0, Lanthanum, uses 7439-92-1, Lead, uses  
7439-95-4, Magnesium, uses 7439-96-5, Manganese, uses 7439-98-7,  
Molybdenum, uses 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses 7440-03-1, Niobium,  
uses 7440-09-7, Potassium, uses 7440-17-7, Rubidium, uses  
7440-20-2, Scandium, uses 7440-21-3, Silicon, uses 7440-23-5,  
Sodium, uses 7440-24-6, Strontium, uses 7440-25-7, Tantalum,  
uses 7440-28-0, Thallium, uses 7440-31-5, Tin, uses 7440-32-6,  
Titanium, uses 7440-33-7, Tungsten, uses 7440-36-0, Antimony,  
uses 7440-38-2, Arsenic, uses 7440-39-3, Barium, uses  
7440-41-7, Beryllium, uses 7440-45-1, Cerium, uses 7440-46-2,  
Cesium, uses 7440-47-3, Chromium, uses 7440-48-4, Cobalt, uses  
7440-55-3, Gallium, uses 7440-56-4, Germanium, uses 7440-58-6,  
Hafnium, uses 7440-65-5, Yttrium, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc,  
uses 7440-67-7, Zirconium, uses 7440-69-9, Bismuth, uses  
7440-70-2, Calcium, uses 7440-74-6, Indium, uses 7723-14-0,  
Phosphorus, uses

(dopant; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film **battery**)

IT 1314-34-7, Vanadium trioxide 15060-59-0, Lithium vanadium oxide livo<sub>3</sub> 15593-56-3, Lithium vanadium oxide li<sub>3</sub>vo<sub>4</sub>  
(lithium vanadium oxide thin-film **battery**)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 1314-62-1, Vanadium oxide (V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>), uses 7439-88-5, Iridium, uses 7440-05-3, Palladium, uses 7440-06-4, Platinum, uses 7440-22-4, Silver, uses 7440-42-8, Boron, uses 7440-43-9, Cadmium, uses 7440-57-5, Gold, uses 10045-86-0, Iron phosphate fe<sub>po</sub><sub>4</sub> 11126-15-1, Lithium vanadium oxide 12017-95-7, Chromium lithium manganese oxide CrLiMnO<sub>4</sub> 12031-65-1, Lithium nickel oxide linio<sub>2</sub> 12031-95-7, Lithium titanium oxide li<sub>4</sub>ti<sub>5</sub>o<sub>12</sub> 12036-21-4, Vanadium oxide vo<sub>2</sub> 12037-42-2, Vanadium oxide v<sub>6</sub>o<sub>13</sub> 12039-13-3, Titanium disulfide 12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide limn<sub>2</sub>o<sub>4</sub> 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide colio<sub>2</sub> 12359-27-2, Vanadyl phosphate 14024-11-4, Aluminum lithium chloride allicl<sub>4</sub> 15365-14-7, Iron lithium phosphate felipo<sub>4</sub> 39457-42-6, Lithium manganese oxide 55326-82-4, Lithium titanium sulfide litis<sub>2</sub> 66102-93-0, Cobalt lithium nitride 83348-01-0, Lithium vanadyl phosphate LiVOPO<sub>4</sub> 131500-40-8, Tin nitride oxide silicide 144769-06-2, Lead oxide PbO<sub>0</sub>-2 170171-06-9, Aluminum lithium fluoride allif<sub>4</sub> 199923-81-4, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide ((Al,Co)LiO<sub>2</sub>) 258511-25-0, Lithium manganese nitride 268747-59-7, Chromium manganese oxide Cr0.5Mn0.5O<sub>2</sub> 371148-86-6, Tin oxide SnO<sub>0</sub>-2 666836-39-1, Tin nitride (SnN0-1.33) 666836-40-4, Indium nitride (InN0-1) 666836-41-5, Zinc nitride (ZnN0-0.67) 666836-42-6, Copper nitride (CuN0-0.33) 666836-43-7, Nickel nitride (NiN0-0.33) 666836-44-8, Indium oxide (InO0-1.5)  
(lithium vanadium oxide thin-film **battery**)

IT 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses  
(support; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film **battery**)

IT 7439-93-2, Lithium, processes 7440-62-2, Vanadium, processes 12031-80-0, Lithium oxide li<sub>2</sub>o<sub>2</sub> 12057-24-8, Lithium oxide (Li<sub>2</sub>O), processes 26134-62-3, Lithium nitride (Li<sub>3</sub>N)  
(target material; lithium vanadium oxide thin-film **battery**)

L33 ANSWER 5 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 140:131020 HCA Full-text

TI Manganese(III) Chemistry in KOH Solutions in the Presence of Bi- or Ba-Containing Compounds and its Implications on the Rechargeability of  $\gamma$ -MnO<sub>2</sub> in Alkaline Cells

AU Im, D.; Manthiram, A.; Coffey, B.

CS Materials Science and Engineering Program, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin, TX, 78712, USA

SO Journal of the Electrochemical Society (2003), 150(12), A1651-A1659

CODEN: JESOAN; ISSN: 0013-4651

PB Electrochemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB The influence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. on the recharge-ability of  $\gamma\text{-MnO}_2$  in alk. electrolytes was studied with AA cells contg. cylindrical cathodes and flooded cells contg. thin-film type cathodes. In addn. to the electrochem. evaluation of the cells, the discharged cathodes were analyzed by x-ray diffraction after washing and drying. The incorporation of bismuth or barium into the cathodes was found to improve the cell cyclability, which is partly due to the suppression of electrochem. inactive phases such as birnessite ( $\delta\text{-MnO}_2$ ) and hausmannite ( $\text{Mn}_3\text{O}_4$ ). Chem. oxidn. reactions of  $\text{Mn}(\text{OH})_2$  with  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  in KOH medium and non-redox reactions of Mn(III) acetate with KOH followed by an anal. of the solid and filtrate indicate that the  $\text{Mn}^{3+}$  ions, which were in equil. with the solid phases contg. Mn(III), disproportionated into Mn(II) compds. and Mn(IV) oxides. Reaction mechanisms involving Mn(III) compds. in KOH soln. and the role of bismuth or barium on those reactions are discussed.

IT 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide

(composite with  $\text{MnO}_2$ /graphite/KOH/PTFE (thin-film cathodes); storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma\text{-MnO}_2$  in alk. cells)

RN 17194-00-2 HCA

CN Barium hydroxide ( $\text{Ba}(\text{OH})_2$ ) (CA INDEX NAME)

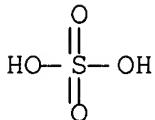


IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate

(composite with  $\text{MnO}_2$ /graphite/KOH/PTFE (thin-film cathodes); storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma\text{-MnO}_2$  in alk. cells)

RN 7727-43-7 HCA

CN Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



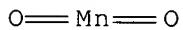
● Ba

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide ( $\text{MnO}_2$ ), uses

( $\gamma$ -, composite with graphite/KOH/PTFE (thin-film)/optionally Bi and Ba compds.; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma\text{-MnO}_2$  in alk. cells)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 72, 75, 76

ST manganese oxide hydroxide secondary **battery** cathode KOH Bi Ba; rechargeable gamma  $\text{MnO}_2$  alk cell oxidn potential discharging XRD

IT Electric potential  
(charging-discharge capacity-voltage behavior for **battery** cells; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma\text{-MnO}_2$  in alk. cells)

IT Fluoropolymers, uses  
(composite with  $\text{MnO}_2$ /KOH/graphite/optionally and Bi and Ba compds.; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma\text{-MnO}_2$  in alk. cells)

IT **Battery** cathodes  
(cylindrical and thin-film; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma\text{-MnO}_2$  in alk. cells)

IT Oxidation  
Redox reaction  
Secondary **batteries**  
Valence  
(storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma\text{-MnO}_2$  in alk. cells)

IT 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses  
(composite with  $\text{MnO}_2$ /KOH/PTFE (thin-film)/optionally and Bi and Ba compds.; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma\text{-MnO}_2$  in alk. cells)

IT 9002-84-0, PTFE  
(composite with **MnO<sub>2</sub>**/KOH/graphite/optionally and Bi and Ba compds.; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma$ -**MnO<sub>2</sub>** in alk. cells)

IT 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide  
(composite with **MnO<sub>2</sub>**/graphite/KOH/PTFE (thin-film cathodes); storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma$ -**MnO<sub>2</sub>** in alk. cells)

IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate  
(composite with **MnO<sub>2</sub>**/graphite/KOH/PTFE (thin-film cathodes); storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma$ -**MnO<sub>2</sub>** in alk. cells)

IT 1304-76-3P, Bismuth oxide (Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>), uses  
(composite with **MnO<sub>2</sub>**/graphite/KOH/PTFE (thin-film cathodes); storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma$ -**MnO<sub>2</sub>** in alk. cells)

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses  
(gelled, anode; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma$ -**MnO<sub>2</sub>** in alk. cells)

IT 1309-55-3, Hausmannite 66701-01-7, Birnessite  
(phase in cathode; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma$ -**MnO<sub>2</sub>** in alk. cells)

IT 12054-48-7, Nickel hydroxide 55070-72-9, Nickel oxide hydroxide  
(storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma$ -**MnO<sub>2</sub>** in alk. cells)

IT 14546-48-6D, Manganese, ion (Mn<sup>3+</sup>), compds., uses 16397-91-4D, Manganese, ion (Mn<sup>2+</sup>), compds., uses  
(storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma$ -**MnO<sub>2</sub>** in alk. cells)

IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide (KOH), uses  
(storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma$ -**MnO<sub>2</sub>** in alk. cells)

IT 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses 12597-68-1, Stainless steel, uses  
(storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma$ -**MnO<sub>2</sub>** in alk. cells)

IT 18933-05-6, Manganese hydroxide (Mn(OH)2)  
 (storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma$ -MnO<sub>2</sub> in alk. cells)

IT 638-38-0, Manganese acetate 993-02-2, Manganese (III) acetate  
 7722-84-1, Hydrogen peroxide, reactions  
 (storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma$ -MnO<sub>2</sub> in alk. cells)

IT 12025-99-9, Manganese hydroxide oxide (Mn(OH)O)  
 ( $\beta$ -, phase formed in cathode; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma$ -MnO<sub>2</sub> in alk. cells)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>), uses  
 ( $\gamma$ -, composite with graphite/KOH/PTFE (thin-film)/optionally Bi and Ba compds.; storage effects of manganese(III) chem. in KOH solns. in presence of Bi- or Ba-contg. compds. and implications on recharge-ability of  $\gamma$ -MnO<sub>2</sub> in alk. cells)

RE.CNT 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L33 ANSWER 6 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 139:122002 HCA Full-text

TI Mediated electrochemical oxidation of destruction of sharps

IN Carson, Roger W.; Bremer, Bruce W.

PA The C & M Group, Llc, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 104 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.      KIND    DATE      APPLICATION NO.      DATE

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PI WO 2003061714      A2    20030731    WO 2003-US2151

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WO 2003061714      A3    20031113

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SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,  
SN, TD, TG

US 2005103642 A1 20050519 US 2004-502439  
200407  
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PRAI US 2002-350352P P 20020124 <--

WO 2003-US2151 W 20030124 <--

AB A mediated electrochem. oxidn. process is used for sterilization/disinfection of contaminated instruments and infectious waste. Some sharps are decompd. into metallic ions in the anolyte, others are sterilized but not decompd., depending on the type of sharp. Contaminated instruments and wastes, solid or liq., are introduced into an app. for contacting the infectious waste with an electrolyte contg. the oxidized form of one or more reversible redox couples, at least one of which is produced at the anode of an **electrochem. cell**. The oxidized species of the redox couples oxidize the infectious waste mols. and are themselves converted to their reduced form, whereupon they are reoxidized by either of the aforementioned mechanisms and the redox cycle continues until all oxidizable infectious waste species have undergone the desired degree of oxidn. The entire process takes place at temps. between ambient and approx. 100 °C. The oxidn. process will be enhanced by the addn. of reaction enhancements, such as: ultrasonic energy and/or UV radiation.

IT 1304-29-6, Barium peroxide (Ba(O<sub>2</sub>)) 1313-13-9,

Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>), processes 13463-67-7,

Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>), processes

22541-12-4, processes

(electrochem. mediator; mediated electrochem. oxidn. of destruction of sharps, adding enhancements such as ultrasonic energy or UV radiation)

RN 1304-29-6 HCA

CN Barium peroxide (Ba(O<sub>2</sub>)) (CA INDEX NAME)



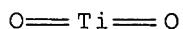
RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 13463-67-7 HCA

CN Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 22541-12-4 HCA

CN Barium, ion (Ba<sup>2+</sup>) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 7440-39-3, Barium, processes 7440-66-6, Zinc,

processes

(incorporated into isopolyanion mediator; mediated electrochem.  
oxidn. of destruction of sharps, adding enhancements such as  
ultrasonic energy or UV radiation)

RN 7440-39-3 HCA

CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM A61L

CC 60-4 (Waste Treatment and Disposal)

Section cross-reference(s): 59

IT 71-47-6, Formate, processes 71-52-3, processes 302-04-5,

Thiocyanate, processes 463-79-6, Carbonic acid, processes

563-69-9, Carbonoperoxoic acid 1301-96-8, Silver oxide (AgO)

1303-52-2, Gold hydroxide (Au(OH)<sub>3</sub>) 1303-58-8, Gold oxide (Au<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)

1304-29-6, Barium peroxide (Ba(O<sub>2</sub>)) 1305-79-9, Calcium

peroxide (Ca(O<sub>2</sub>)) 1306-38-3, Cerium oxide (CeO<sub>2</sub>), processes

1308-04-9, Cobalt oxide (Co<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 1308-14-1, Chromium hydroxide

(Cr(OH)3) 1308-38-9, Chromium oxide (Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>), processes  
1309-60-0, Lead oxide (PbO<sub>2</sub>) 1312-46-5, Iridium oxide (Ir<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)  
**1313-13-9**, Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>), processes  
1313-27-5, Molybdenum oxide (MoO<sub>3</sub>), processes 1313-96-8, Niobium  
oxide (Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>) 1313-97-9, Neodymium oxide (Nd<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 1314-06-3,  
Nickel oxide (Ni<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 1314-15-4, Platinum oxide (PtO<sub>2</sub>) 1314-18-7,  
Strontium peroxide (Sr(O<sub>2</sub>)) 1314-22-3, Zinc peroxide (Zn(O<sub>2</sub>))  
1314-27-8, Lead oxide (Pb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 1314-32-5, Thallium oxide (Tl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)  
1314-35-8, Tungsten oxide (WO<sub>3</sub>), processes 1314-41-6, Lead oxide  
(Pb<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>) 1314-62-1, Vanadium oxide (V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>), processes 1317-36-8,  
Lead oxide (PbO), processes 1317-54-0, Ferrite (ferrospinel)  
1344-55-4, **Titanium oxide** peroxide (TiO(O<sub>2</sub>)).  
1344-58-7, Uranium oxide (UO<sub>3</sub>) 1345-13-7, Cerium oxide (Ce<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)  
2466-09-3, Diphosphoric acid 3812-32-6, Carbonate, processes  
7601-90-3, Perchloric acid, processes 7722-86-3,  
Peroxymonosulfuric acid 7738-94-5, Chromic acid (H<sub>2</sub>CrO<sub>4</sub>)  
7778-39-4, Arsenic acid (H<sub>3</sub>AsO<sub>4</sub>) 7782-68-5, Iodic acid (HIO<sub>3</sub>)  
7782-91-4 7783-03-1 7783-08-6, Selenic acid 7789-31-3, Bromic  
acid 7790-92-3, Hypochlorous acid 7790-93-4, Chloric acid  
10043-35-3, Boric acid (H<sub>3</sub>BO<sub>3</sub>), processes 10343-62-1,  
Metaphosphoric acid (HPO<sub>3</sub>) 10380-08-2, Triphosphoric acid  
11116-47-5, Molybdate 11120-48-2, Telluric acid 12002-97-0,  
Silver oxide (Ag<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 12005-67-3, Americium oxide (AmO<sub>2</sub>)  
12016-80-7, Cobalt hydroxide oxide (Co(OH)O) 12017-00-4, Cobalt  
oxide (CoO<sub>2</sub>) 12018-01-8, Chromium oxide (CrO<sub>2</sub>) 12019-06-6,  
Copper peroxide 12030-49-8, Iridium oxide (IrO<sub>2</sub>) 12030-50-1,  
Iridium oxide (IrO<sub>3</sub>) 12035-36-8, Nickel oxide (NiO<sub>2</sub>) 12036-04-3,  
Palladium oxide (PdO<sub>2</sub>) 12036-05-4, Praseodymium oxide (PrO<sub>2</sub>)  
12036-10-1, Ruthenium oxide (RuO<sub>2</sub>) 12036-15-6, Terbium oxide  
(TbO<sub>2</sub>) 12036-32-7, Praseodymium oxide (Pr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 12036-35-0,  
Rhodium oxide (Rh<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 12036-36-1, Ruthenium oxide (RuO<sub>3</sub>)  
12036-41-8, Terbium oxide (Tb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 12036-71-4 12048-50-9, Bismuth  
oxide (BiO<sub>2</sub>) 12054-72-7 12059-95-9, Plutonium oxide (PuO<sub>2</sub>)  
12060-06-9, Ruthenium oxide (Ru<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 12125-54-1 12133-57-2,  
Cerium oxide (CeO<sub>3</sub>) 12134-79-1, Germanium hydroxide oxide  
(Ge(OH)2O) 12135-13-6, Mercury hydroxide (Hg(OH)2) 12135-42-1,  
Ruthenium hydroxide (Ru(OH)3) 12135-49-8 12137-27-8, Rhodium  
oxide (RhO<sub>2</sub>) 12137-44-9, Ruthenium oxide (Ru<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>) 12143-28-1,  
Polonium oxide (PoO<sub>3</sub>) 12165-03-6, Plutonium oxide (Pu<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>)  
12168-64-8 12179-34-9 12181-34-9 12188-35-1 12254-53-4  
12258-53-6 12298-67-8, Mercury peroxide (Hg(O<sub>2</sub>)) 12298-97-4,  
Zirconyl ion(2+) 12299-69-3 12299-76-2, Plumbate (Pb(OH)O<sub>1</sub>-)  
12300-16-2 12311-78-3, Plutonium oxide (PuO<sub>3</sub>) 12323-66-9,  
Americyl ion(2+) 12401-90-0, Neodymium oxide (NdO<sub>2</sub>) 12447-33-5  
12503-09-2 12529-60-1, Germanate (Ge<sub>5</sub>(OH)O<sub>10</sub>1-) 12600-79-2,  
Zirconium oxide (Zr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>) 12725-92-7, Platinum oxide (Pt<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)

13444-71-8, Periodic acid (HIO<sub>4</sub>) 13463-67-7,  
**Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>)**, processes  
13470-24-1 13517-11-8, Hypobromous acid 13598-52-2,  
Phosphoroperoxic acid 13813-62-2, Tetraphosphoric acid  
13825-81-5, Peroxydiphosphoric acid ([(HO)<sub>2</sub>P(O)]<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) 13898-47-0,  
Chlorous acid 13907-45-4, Chromate (CrO<sub>4</sub>2-) 13907-47-6, Chromate  
(Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>2-) 13981-20-9, Vanadate (VO<sub>3</sub>1-) 14066-19-4, processes  
14066-20-7, processes 14100-65-3, Borate (BO<sub>2</sub>1-) 14124-67-5,  
Selenite 14124-68-6, Selenate 14127-61-8, processes  
14213-97-9, Borate (BO<sub>3</sub>3-) 14259-84-8 14265-44-2, Phosphate,  
processes 14265-45-3, Sulfite 14280-50-3, processes  
14302-87-5, processes 14311-52-5 14332-21-9, Hypoiodous acid  
14332-31-1, Niobium hydroxide oxide (Nb(OH)O<sub>2</sub>) 14333-13-2,  
Permanganate (MnO<sub>4</sub>1-) 14333-18-7 14333-21-2 14333-22-3  
14343-69-2, Azide 14380-62-2, Hypobromite 14452-57-4, Magnesium  
peroxide (Mg(O<sub>2</sub>)) 14546-48-6, processes 14627-67-9, processes  
14701-21-4, processes 14701-22-5, processes 14797-55-8, Nitrate,  
processes 14797-65-0, Nitrite, processes 14797-73-0, Perchlorate  
14808-79-8, Sulfate, processes 14866-68-3, Chlorate 14901-63-4,  
Phosphite 14913-52-1, processes 14996-02-2, processes  
14998-27-7, Chlorite 14998-57-3 15046-91-0, processes  
15056-35-6, Periodate (IO<sub>4</sub>1-) 15065-65-3, Hypoiodite 15092-81-6,  
Peroxydisulfate ((SO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>2-) 15158-11-9, processes 15158-12-0,  
processes 15391-91-0 15438-31-0, processes 15454-31-6, Iodate  
(IO<sub>3</sub>1-) 15541-45-4, Bromate 15543-40-5, processes 15584-04-0,  
Arsenate (AsO<sub>4</sub>3-) 15596-54-0 15785-09-8, Cerium hydroxide  
(Ce(OH)3) 15845-23-5, Tellurate (TeO<sub>4</sub>2-) 15906-92-0  
16065-83-1, processes 16065-84-2, processes 16065-88-6,  
processes 16065-89-7, processes 16065-90-0, processes  
16065-92-2, processes 16397-91-4, processes 16408-24-5  
16469-16-2, Praseodymium hydroxide (Pr(OH)3) 16518-47-1  
16637-16-4, Uranyl ion(2+) 16844-87-4 16887-00-6, Chloride,  
processes 18252-79-4 18282-10-5, Tin oxide (SnO<sub>2</sub>) 18923-26-7,  
processes 19445-25-1, Perbromic acid 19583-16-5, Cuprate  
(CuO<sub>2</sub>1-) 20074-52-6, processes 20334-17-2, processes  
20427-56-9 20461-54-5, Iodide, processes 20499-55-2, Iodite  
(IO<sub>2</sub>1-) 20561-59-5, processes 20611-56-7, Tungsten hydroxide  
oxide peroxide (W(OH)2O(O<sub>2</sub>)) 20681-14-5, processes 21057-99-8,  
Neptunyl ion(1+) 21132-88-7 21563-95-1, Niobate (NbO<sub>3</sub>1-)  
21792-06-3, Arsenenate 21879-62-9, processes 22119-26-2  
22537-22-0, processes 22537-39-9, processes 22537-50-4,  
processes 22537-56-0, processes 22537-58-2, processes  
22541-12-4, processes 22541-14-6, processes 22541-20-4,  
processes 22541-25-9, processes 22541-44-2, processes  
22541-46-4, processes 22541-53-3, processes 22541-58-8,  
processes 22541-59-9, processes 22541-60-2, processes

22541-63-5, processes 22541-64-6, processes 22541-70-4,  
processes 22541-88-4, processes 22542-10-5, processes  
22555-00-6, processes 22569-48-8 22840-44-4, Ferrate (Fe(OH)O1-)  
22853-00-5, Plutonyl ion(2+) 22878-02-0, Americyl ion(1+)  
22890-32-0, Germanate (GeO32-) 22967-56-2, Plutonyl ion(1+)  
23078-02-6, Niobium oxide peroxide (NbO2(O2H)) 23689-41-0  
23713-49-7, processes 24573-97-5, Chromate (CrO33-) 24959-67-9,  
Bromide, processes 25141-14-4 26398-91-4, Borate (B2O54-)  
26404-66-0, Peroxynitric acid 26450-38-4 27641-41-4,  
Peroxidicarbonic acid 27805-32-9 30770-97-9, Iodous acid (HIO2)  
31865-44-8 34274-25-4 35366-11-1, Argentate (AgO1-)  
(electrochem. mediator; mediated electrochem. oxidn. of  
destruction of sharps, adding enhancements such as ultrasonic  
energy or UV radiation)

IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, processes 7439-88-5, Iridium, processes  
7439-89-6, Iron, processes 7439-92-1, Lead, processes 7439-93-2,  
Lithium, processes 7439-95-4, Magnesium, processes 7439-96-5,  
Manganese, processes 7439-97-6, Mercury, processes 7439-98-7,  
Molybdenum, processes 7440-02-0, Nickel, processes 7440-03-1,  
Niobium, processes 7440-04-2, Osmium, processes 7440-05-3,  
Palladium, processes 7440-06-4, Platinum, processes 7440-09-7,  
Potassium, processes 7440-15-5, Rhenium, processes 7440-16-6,  
Rhodium, processes 7440-17-7, Rubidium, processes 7440-18-8,  
Ruthenium, processes 7440-20-2, Scandium, processes 7440-21-3,  
Silicon, processes 7440-22-4, Silver, processes 7440-23-5,  
Sodium, processes 7440-24-6, Strontium, processes 7440-25-7,  
Tantalum, processes 7440-26-8, Technetium, processes 7440-31-5,  
Tin, processes 7440-32-6, Titanium, processes 7440-33-7,  
Tungsten, processes 7440-36-0, Antimony, processes 7440-38-2,  
Arsenic, processes **7440-39-3**, Barium, processes  
7440-41-7, Beryllium, processes 7440-42-8, Boron, processes  
7440-43-9, Cadmium, processes 7440-46-2, Cesium, processes  
7440-47-3, Chromium, processes 7440-48-4, Cobalt, processes  
7440-50-8, Copper, processes 7440-56-4, Germanium, processes  
7440-57-5, Gold, processes 7440-58-6, Hafnium, processes  
7440-62-2, Vanadium, processes 7440-65-5, Yttrium, processes  
**7440-66-6**, Zinc, processes 7440-67-7, Zirconium, processes  
7440-69-9, Bismuth, processes 7440-70-2, Calcium, processes  
7553-56-2, Iodine, processes 7704-34-9, Sulfur, processes  
7723-14-0, Phosphorus, processes 7726-95-6, Bromine, processes  
7727-37-9, Nitrogen, processes 7782-41-4, Fluorine, processes  
7782-49-2, Selenium, processes 7782-50-5, Chlorine, processes  
13494-80-9, Tellurium, processes  
(incorporated into isopolyanion mediator; mediated electrochem.  
oxidn. of destruction of sharps, adding enhancements such as  
ultrasonic energy or UV radiation)

L33 ANSWER 7 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 139:71602 HCA Full-text

TI Additive for alkaline **batteries**

IN Christian, Paul A.; Davis, Stuart M.; Mezini, Tatjana

PA The Gillette Company, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI WO 2003054988	A2	20030703	WO 2002-US39649	
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WO 2003054988	A3	20040722	
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CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD,  
GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,  
LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ,  
NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ,  
TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,  
BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,  
EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK,  
TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN,  
TD, TG

US 2003134199	A1	20030717	US 2001-22272	
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US 6740451	B2	20040525	
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AU 2002351363	A1	20030709	AU 2002-351363
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EP 1466373	A2	20041013	EP 2002-787020	
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R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,  
PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK

CN 1630957	A	20050622	CN 2002-825471
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JP 2006502528 T 20060119 JP 2003-555606  
200212  
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BR 2002015087 A 20061128 BR 2002-15087  
200212  
11

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PRAI US 2001-22272 A1 20011220 <--  
WO 2002-US39649 W 20021211 <--

AB An alk. **battery** includes a cathode including Ni oxyhydroxide and a gold salt, an **anode** including **zinc**, a separator between the cathode and the anode, and an alk. electrolyte. The Ni oxyhydroxide includes  $\beta$ - and  $\gamma$ -Ni oxyhydroxide. Gold salt is selected from Au(III) oxide, Au(III) hydroxide, and Au(III) acetate.

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses  
(additive for alk. **batteries**)

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

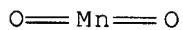
CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide (BaO), uses  
1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7727-43-7,  
Barium sulfate 7787-36-2, Barium permanganate  
12047-27-7, Barium **titanium oxide**  
batio3, uses 13463-67-7, **Titania**, uses  
13773-23-4, Barium iron oxide bafeo4 17194-00-2,  
Barium hydroxide  
(additive for alk. **batteries**)  
RN 1304-28-5 HCA  
CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)

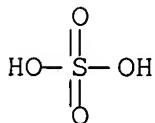
Ba=O

RN 1313-13-9 HCA  
CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7727-43-7 HCA

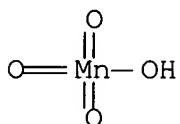
CN Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



● Ba

RN 7787-36-2 HCA

CN Permanganic acid (HMnO<sub>4</sub>), barium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● 1/2 Ba

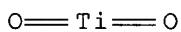
RN 12047-27-7 HCA

CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO<sub>3</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

RN 13463-67-7 HCA

CN Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 13773-23-4 HCA

CN Barium iron oxide (BaFeO<sub>4</sub>) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component   Registry Number
O	4	17778-80-2
Ba	1	7440-39-3
Fe	1	7439-89-6

RN 17194-00-2 HCA

CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM H01M004-52

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST battery alk electrode additive

IT Battery cathodes

Primary batteries

(additive for alk. batteries)

IT Primary batteries

(button-type; additive for alk. batteries)

IT 11113-74-9, Nickel hydroxide

(additive for alk. batteries)

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 55070-72-9, Nickel hydroxide oxide

(additive for alk. batteries)

IT 1301-96-8, Silver oxide Ago 1303-52-2, Gold hydroxide au(oh)3

1303-58-8, Gold oxide au2o3 1303-61-3, Gold sulfide au2s3

1304-28-5, Barium oxide (BaO), uses 1304-76-3,

Bismuth oxide (Bi2O3), uses 1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, uses

1305-78-8, Calcia, uses 1306-19-0, Cadmium oxide (CdO), uses

1306-38-3, Cerium oxide ceo2, uses 1309-42-8, Magnesium hydroxide

1309-48-4, Magnesium oxide (MgO), uses 1309-64-4, Antimony oxide

(Sb2O3), uses 1312-43-2, India 1313-13-9, Manganese

dioxide, uses 1313-99-1, Nickel oxide (NiO), uses 1314-13-2,

Zinc oxide, uses 1314-37-0, Ytterbia 7440-57-5D, Gold, salt

7446-07-3, Tellurium oxide (TeO2) 7487-88-9, Magnesium sulfate,

uses 7681-52-9, Sodium hypochlorite Naocl 7722-64-7, Potassium

permanganate 7727-21-1, Potassium persulfate 7727-43-7,

Barium sulfate 7775-27-1, Sodium persulfate 7778-18-9, Calcium

sulfate 7783-98-4, Silver permanganate 7787-36-2, Barium

permanganate 7789-75-5, Calcium fluoride, uses 7790-75-2,

Calcium tungsten oxide cawo4 12036-44-1, Thulium oxide

12047-27-7, Barium titanium oxide

batio3, uses 12049-50-2, Calcium titanium oxide

catio3 12060-58-1, Samaria 12060-59-2, Strontium

titanium oxide srtio3 12061-16-4, Erbia  
12064-62-9, Gadolinia 12672-51-4, Cobalt hydroxide  
**13463-67-7, Titania, uses 13773-23-4,**  
Barium iron oxide bafeo4 14857-02-4, Calcium silicate casi2o5  
16469-22-0, Yttrium hydroxide **17194-00-2**, Barium hydroxide  
18480-07-4, Strontium hydroxide 20427-58-1, Zinc hydroxide  
20548-54-3, Calcium sulfide (CaS) 20667-12-3, Silver oxide (Ag2O)  
20731-62-8, Thulium sulfate 51305-35-2, Gold acetate 61701-27-7,  
Cobalt hydroxide oxide

(additive for alk. batteries)

IT 7440-44-0, Carbon, uses  
(conductive; additive for alk. batteries)  
IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7439-96-5, Manganese, uses 7440-22-4,  
Silver, uses 7440-48-4, Cobalt, uses  
(dopant; additive for alk. batteries)

L33 ANSWER 8 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 139:24152 HCA Full-text

TI **Anodic zinc** for use in an alkaline  
battery

IN Kainthla, Ramesh C.; Manko, David J.

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 12 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI US 2003113630 A1 20030619 US 2001-6793  
200112  
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WO 2003050906 A1 20030619 WO 2002-US29564  
200209  
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W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH,  
CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD,  
GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,  
LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ,  
NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,  
TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,  
BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,

EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR,  
BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD,  
TG

AU 2002327651 A1 20030623 AU 2002-327651  
200209  
18

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PRAI US 2001-6793 A 20011206 <--  
WO 2002-US29564 W 20020918 <--

AB An anodic zinc electrode is disclosed for use in an electrochem. cell comprising: a current collector; and an active material compn. applied to the current collector, wherein the active material compn. includes Zn and ZnO, and wherein the wt. ratio of the Zn to ZnO ranges from approx. 1-2 to approx. 1 which enables the anodic zinc electrode to be assocd. with an electrochem. cell assembled in a charged or discharged state.

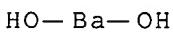
IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses  
(anodic zinc for use in alk. battery  
)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide  
(anodic zinc for use in alk. battery  
)  
RN 17194-00-2 HCA  
CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM H01M004-42  
ICS H01M004-62; H01M004-54; H01M004-52  
INCL 429231000; 429229000; 429217000; 429059000; 429219000; 429223000  
CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST anodic zinc alk battery

IT Battery anodes

Primary batteries

Secondary batteries

(anodic zinc for use in alk. battery  
)

IT Fluoropolymers, uses

(anodic zinc for use in alk. battery  
)  
IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide (K(OH)), uses 1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide (Li(OH)) 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 1313-99-1, Nickel oxide, uses 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide (ZnO), uses 7440-22-4, Silver, uses 7440-50-8, Copper, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 11113-74-9, Nickel hydroxide 20667-12-3, Silver oxide  
(anodic zinc for use in alk. battery  
)  
IT 1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide (Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>), uses 1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, uses 1306-19-0, Cadmium oxide (CdO), uses 1309-42-8, Magnesium hydroxide 1312-43-2, Indium oxide (In<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 1317-36-8, Lead oxide (PbO), uses 9002-84-0, Ptfe 9002-89-5, Polyvinyl alcohol 9004-32-4, Cmc sodium salt 13327-32-7, Beryllium hydroxide 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide 18480-07-4, Strontium hydroxide 98966-86-0, Radium hydroxide ra(oh)2  
(anodic zinc for use in alk. battery  
)

L33 ANSWER 9 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 137:96217 HCA Full-text

TI Silver Mediation of Fe(VI) Charge Transfer: Activation of the K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub> Super-iron Cathode

AU Licht, Stuart; Naschitz, Vera; Ghosh, Susanta

CS Department of Chemistry and Institute of Catalysis Science, Technion-Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, 32000, Israel

SO Journal of Physical Chemistry B (2002), 106(23), 5947-5955

CODEN: JPCBFK; ISSN: 1089-5647

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB An unexpectedly large Ag(II) mediation of Fe(VI) redox chem. improves alk. Fe(VI) cathodic charge transfer. Combined with a Zn anode, this results in a cell with 3- to 5-fold higher energy capacity than the conventional high-power Zn/ MnO<sub>2</sub> alk. battery, and twice that previously obsd. for Zn/BaFeO<sub>4</sub>. Both exptl. results and a model of this phenomenon are presented. The Ag(II) salt may be introduced as a simple composite of AgO with the Fe(VI) salt. The Fe(VI) super-iron salt K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub> has a high 3e- intrinsic charge capacity (406 mA/g), and is more environmentally benign than the Fe(VI) salt BaFeO<sub>4</sub>, but had exhibited comparatively poor charge transfer. Successful AgO cathodic activation of both K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub> and BaFeO<sub>4</sub> redox chem. are presented. Various other K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub> activators are also studied. An obsd. interaction of Fe(VI) with Mn(VII/VI) can improve charge efficiency of a K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub> composite with KMnO<sub>4</sub> or BaMnO<sub>4</sub>, albeit not to the extent obsd. in an K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub>/AgO composite cathode. The extent of an activation effect of oxides, hydroxides, and titanate salts, as well as KMnO<sub>4</sub>, BaMnO<sub>4</sub>, AgMnO<sub>4</sub>, and fluorinated graphites, on the cathodic discharge of K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub> are probed.

IT 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide  
(composite cathode contg.; activation of potassium ferrate

super-iron cathode by silver oxide mediation of charge transfer  
for batteries)

RN 17194-00-2 HCA

CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 72

ST potassium ferrate cathode activation silver oxide mediation charge  
transfer; **battery** potassium ferrate cathode activation

IT **Battery** cathodes

Electron transfer

(activation of potassium ferrate super-iron cathode by silver  
oxide mediation of charge transfer for **batteries**)

IT 13773-23-4, Barium ferrate (BaFeO4)

(activation of barium ferrate cathode by silver oxide mediation  
of charge transfer for **batteries**)

IT 13718-66-6, Potassium ferrate (K2FeO4)

(activation of potassium ferrate super-iron cathode by silver  
oxide mediation of charge transfer for **batteries**)

IT 1301-96-8, Silver oxide (AgO)

(activation of potassium ferrate super-iron cathode by silver  
oxide mediation of charge transfer for **batteries**)

IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses 1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide

1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, uses 7722-64-7, Potassium

permanganate 7783-98-4, Silver permanganate (AgMnO4) 7787-35-1,  
Barium manganese oxide (BaMnO4) **17194-00-2**, Barium

hydroxide 21351-79-1, Cesium hydroxide

(composite cathode contg.; activation of potassium ferrate  
super-iron cathode by silver oxide mediation of charge transfer  
for **batteries**)

RE.CNT 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L33 ANSWER 10 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 136:21977 HCA Full-text

TI Doped manganese dioxides for use in **battery** electrodes

IN Feddrix, Frank H.; Donne, Scott W.; Devenney, Martin; Gorer,  
Alexander

PA Eveready Battery Company, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI	WO 2001093348	A2	20011206	WO 2001-US17737 200106 01
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WO 2001093348	A3	20020606
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W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH,  
CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,  
GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK,  
LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ,  
PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ,  
UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH,  
CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE,  
TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD,  
TG

AU 2001065294	A5	20011211	AU 2001-65294 200106 01
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EP 1297581	A2	20030402	EP 2001-939817 200106 01
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EP 1297581	B1	20050309
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R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,  
PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR

JP 2003535013	T	20031125	JP 2002-500465 200106 01
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AT 290721	T	20050315	AT 2001-939817 200106 01
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US 2003215712	A1	20031120	US 2003-296899 200305 22
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HK 1052082	A1	20050805	HK 2003-104084 200306 10
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PRAI US 2000-208610P P 20000601 <--

WO 2001-US17737 W 20010601 <--

AB This invention relates to **batteries** and, more particularly, to **battery electrodes** comprised of manganese dioxide doped with at least one element. In one aspect, the invention is a doped manganese dioxide useful as an active electrode material in both thin film and cylindrical **batteries**. The doped manganese dioxides provide several potential benefits, including improved electrochem. performance as compared with conventional manganese dioxides. The doped manganese dioxides of this invention comprise manganese, oxygen, and at least one dopant deliberately incorporated into the at. structure of the manganese dioxide. The doped Mn dioxide electrode materials may be produced by a wet chem. method (CMD) or may be prep'd. electrolytically (EMD) using a soln. contg. Mn sulfate, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and a dopant, in which the dopant is present in an amt. of at least .apprx.25 ppm.

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(anode material; doped manganese dioxides for use in  
battery electrodes)

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 378248-77-2,  
Barium manganese oxide (Ba0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2)  
(doped manganese dioxides for use in **battery**  
electrodes)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

O == Mn == O

RN 378248-77-2 HCA

CN Barium manganese oxide (Ba0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2) (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component
		Registry Number
O	1.9 - 2	17778-80-2
Ba	0 - 0.01	7440-39-3
Mn	0.99 - 1	7439-96-5

IC ICM H01M

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 57, 76

ST doping manganese oxide **battery** electrode

IT **Battery** electrodes

Dopants

Doping

Electrodeposition

Primary **batteries**

(doped manganese dioxides for use in **battery** electrodes)

IT Coating process

(plating; doped manganese dioxides for use in **battery** electrodes)

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(anode material; doped manganese dioxides for use in **battery** electrodes)

IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses

(battery electrolyte; doped manganese dioxides for use in **battery** electrodes)

IT 7664-93-9, Sulfuric acid, reactions 7785-87-7, Manganese sulfate

(doped manganese dioxides for use in **battery** electrodes)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-44-0, Carbon, uses

7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 378248-51-2, Manganese borate oxide

(Mn0.99-1(BO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>0-0.01</sub>O<sub>1.87-2</sub>) 378248-52-3, Magnesium manganese

oxide (Mg<sub>0-0.01</sub>Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>) 378248-53-4, Aluminum manganese

oxide (Al<sub>0-0.01</sub>Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>) 378248-54-5, Manganese oxide

silicate (Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>O<sub>1.86-2</sub>(SiO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0-0.01</sub>) 378248-55-6, Manganese

oxide phosphate (Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>O<sub>1.86-2</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>0-0.01</sub>) 378248-56-7,

Manganese scandium oxide (Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>Sc<sub>0-0.01</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>) 378248-57-8,

Manganese **titanium** oxide (Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>Ti<sub>0-0.01</sub>O<sub>1.9-</sub>

2) 378248-58-9, Manganese vanadium oxide (Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>V<sub>0-0.01</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>)

378248-59-0, Chromium manganese oxide (Cr<sub>0-0.01</sub>Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>)

378248-60-3, Iron manganese oxide (Fe<sub>0-0.01</sub>Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>)

378248-61-4, Cobalt manganese oxide (Co<sub>0-0.01</sub>Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>)

378248-62-5, Manganese nickel oxide (Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>Ni<sub>0-0.01</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>)

378248-63-6, Copper manganese oxide (Cu<sub>0-0.01</sub>Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>)

378248-64-7, Manganese zinc oxide (Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>Zn<sub>0-0.01</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>)

378248-65-8, Gallium manganese oxide (Ga<sub>0-0.01</sub>Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>)

378248-66-9, Germanium manganese oxide (Ge<sub>0-0.01</sub>Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>)

378248-67-0, Manganese strontium oxide (Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>Sr<sub>0-0.01</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>)

378248-68-1, Manganese yttrium oxide (Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>Y<sub>0-0.01</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>)

378248-69-2, Manganese zirconium oxide (Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>Zr<sub>0-0.01</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>)

378248-70-5, Manganese niobium oxide (Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>Nb<sub>0-0.01</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>)

378248-71-6, Manganese ruthenium oxide (Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>Ru<sub>0-0.01</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>)

378248-72-7, Manganese rhodium oxide (Mn<sub>0.99-1</sub>Rh<sub>0-0.01</sub>O<sub>1.9-2</sub>)

378248-73-8, Manganese palladium oxide (Mn0.99-1Pd0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378248-74-9, Manganese silver oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378248-75-0, Indium manganese oxide (In0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2)  
378248-76-1, Manganese tin oxide (Mn0.99-1Sn0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378248-77-2, Barium manganese oxide (Ba0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2)  
378248-78-3, Cerium manganese oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2)  
378248-79-4, Hafnium manganese oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2)  
378248-80-7, Manganese tantalum oxide (Mn0.99-1Ta0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378248-81-8, Manganese rhenium oxide (Mn0.99-1Re0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378248-82-9, Manganese osmium oxide (Mn0.99-1Os0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378248-83-0, Iridium manganese oxide (Ir0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2)  
378248-84-1, Manganese platinum oxide (Mn0.99-1Pt0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378248-85-2, Gold manganese oxide (Au0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2)  
378248-86-3, Bismuth manganese oxide (Bi0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2)  
378248-87-4, Aluminum manganese nickel oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01O1.9-2) 378248-88-5, Manganese nickel borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2) 378248-89-6, Manganese zirconium borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2)  
378248-90-9, Manganese titanium borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Ti0-0.01(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2) 378248-91-0, Hafnium manganese borate oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2) 378248-92-1, Aluminum manganese tantalum oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ta0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378248-93-2, Manganese tantalum borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Ta0-0.01(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2) 378248-94-3, Manganese niobium borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Nb0-0.01(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2) 378248-95-4, Aluminum manganese niobium oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Nb0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378248-96-5, Manganese niobium zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Nb0-0.01Zr0-0.01O1.9-2) 378248-97-6, Aluminum manganese zirconium oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01O1.9-2) 378248-98-7, Gallium manganese zirconium oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01O1.9-2) 378248-99-8, Cerium manganese zirconium oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378249-00-4, Hafnium manganese zinc oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-01-5, Cerium manganese borate oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2) 378249-02-6, Gallium manganese borate oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2)  
378249-03-7, Cerium hafnium manganese oxide (Ce0-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2) 378249-04-8, Aluminum manganese borate oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2) 378249-05-9, Aluminum gallium manganese oxide (Al0-0.01Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2) 378249-06-0, Manganese zinc borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2)  
378249-07-1, Cerium manganese zinc oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-08-2, Cerium gallium manganese oxide (Ce0-0.01Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2) 378249-09-3, Aluminum hafnium manganese oxide (Al0-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2) 378249-10-6, Hafnium manganese zirconium oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378249-11-7, Manganese zinc zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01Zr0-0.01O1.9-2)

0.01O1.9-2) 378249-12-8, Gallium hafnium manganese oxide  
(Ga0-0.01Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2) 378249-13-9, Gallium manganese  
nickel oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-14-0,  
Manganese nickel zinc oxide (Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Zn0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378249-15-1, Gallium manganese silver oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-  
0.01O1.9-2) 378249-16-2, Indium manganese nickel oxide  
(In0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-17-3, Hafnium manganese  
nickel oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-18-4, Indium  
manganese zirconium oxide (In0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378249-19-5, Manganese silver borate oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01(BO3)0-  
0.01O1.87-2) 378249-20-8, Aluminum manganese zinc oxide  
(Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-21-9, Gallium manganese  
zinc oxide (Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-22-0, Chromium  
manganese borate oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1(BO3)0-0.01O1.87-2)  
378249-23-1, Chromium manganese zinc oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-  
0.01O1.9-2) 378249-24-2, Aluminum chromium manganese oxide  
(Al0-0.01Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2) 378249-25-3, Chromium indium  
manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01In0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2) 378249-26-4,  
Chromium gallium manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01Ga0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2)  
378249-27-5, Chromium hafnium manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01Hf0-  
0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2) 378249-28-6, Manganese nickel silver oxide  
(Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Ag0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-29-7, Aluminum manganese  
silver oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-30-0,  
Chromium manganese silver oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378249-31-1, Cerium chromium manganese oxide (Ce0-0.01Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-  
1O1.9-2) 378249-32-2, Chromium manganese zirconium oxide  
(Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-33-3, Manganese silver  
zirconium oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01Zr0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-34-4,  
Cerium manganese silver oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378249-35-5, Chromium copper manganese oxide (Cr0-0.01Cu0-0.01Mn0.99-  
1O1.9-2) 378249-36-6, Copper manganese zirconium oxide  
(Cu0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zr0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-37-7, Hafnium manganese  
silver oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-38-8,  
Manganese silver zinc oxide (Mn0.99-1Ag0-0.01Zn0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378249-39-9, Manganese ruthenium zirconium oxide  
(Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.01Zr0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-40-2, Cerium manganese  
ruthenium oxide (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-41-3,  
Hafnium manganese ruthenium oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ru0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378249-42-4, Aluminum manganese ruthenium oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ru0-  
0.01O1.9-2) 378249-43-5 378249-44-6, Aluminum cerium manganese  
titanium oxide (Al0-0.01Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ti0-  
0.01O1.9-2) 378249-45-7 378249-46-8, Aluminum manganese nickel  
titanium oxide (Al0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Ti0-  
0.01O1.9-2) 378249-47-9, Aluminum cerium manganese nickel oxide  
(Al0-0.01Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-49-1  
378249-50-4, Hafnium manganese nickel zirconium oxide

(Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Zr0-0.01O1.9-2) 378249-51-5, Hafnium  
manganese zinc zirconium oxide (Hf0-0.01Mn0.99-1Zn0-0.01Zr0-0.01O1.9-  
2) 378249-52-6 378249-53-7 378249-54-8 378253-12-4, Antimony  
manganese oxide (Sb0-0.01Mn0.99-1O1.9-2) 378253-13-5, Chromium  
manganese nickel oxide (Cr0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01O1.9-2)  
378253-14-6, Cerium manganese nickel **titanium**  
**oxide** (Ce0-0.01Mn0.99-1Ni0-0.01Ti0-0.01O1.9-2)  
(doped manganese dioxides for use in **battery**  
electrodes)

L33 ANSWER 11 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 134:59131 HCA Full-text

TI Performance enhancing additives for **batteries**

IN Jin, Zhihong; Kennedy, John H.

PA Eveready Battery Company, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI WO 2000079622	A1	20001228	WO 2000-US17561	
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W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR,  
CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU,  
ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,  
LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,  
SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ,  
VN, YU, ZA, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH,  
CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE,  
BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

EP 1194965	A1	20020410	EP 2000-941732	
		200006		
		21		

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EP 1194965	B1	20030903		
			R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO	

JP 2003502825	T	20030121	JP 2001-505086	
			200006	
			21	

AT 249101 T 20030915 AT 2000-941732  
200006  
21

US 6818347 B1 20041116 US 2001-787858  
200103  
22

PRAI US 1999-140590P P 19990623 <--  
US 2000-212295P P 20000617 <--  
WO 2000-US17561 W 20000621 <--

AB Alk. battery cells comprising an anode, a cathode, a separator between the anode and the cathode, and an electrolyte are provided with an n-type metal oxide additive that improves electrochem. performance. The n-type metal oxide additive is either a doped metal oxide comprising a metal oxide modified by incorporation of a dopant, or a reduced metal oxide. The metal oxide may be selected from the group consisting of BaTiO<sub>3</sub>, K<sub>2</sub>TiO<sub>3</sub>, CoTiO<sub>3</sub>, SrTiO<sub>3</sub>, CaTiO<sub>3</sub>, MgTiO<sub>3</sub>, SiO<sub>2</sub>, CaO, TiO<sub>2</sub>, CoO, Co<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>, ZnO, SnO, SnO<sub>2</sub>, PbO<sub>2</sub>, Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.3ZrO<sub>3</sub>, Bi<sub>12</sub>TiO<sub>20</sub>, Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>- TiO<sub>2</sub>, Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, CaWO<sub>4</sub>, ZnMn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>, and K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>. Examples of dopant disclosed are: NbO<sub>2</sub>, Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, WO<sub>3</sub>, GeO<sub>2</sub>, ZrO<sub>2</sub>, SnO<sub>2</sub>, ThO<sub>2</sub>, Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, In<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, LiNiO<sub>2</sub>, and P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, In<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Sb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses  
(performance enhancing additives for batteries)  
RN 1313-13-9 HCA  
CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\text{O}=\text{Mn}=\text{O}$$

IT 12047-27-7, Barium titanium oxide  
ratio3, uses 13463-67-7, Titania, uses  
(performance enhancing additives for batteries)  
RN 12047-27-7 HCA  
CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO<sub>3</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)  
\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*  
RN 13463-67-7 HCA  
CN Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\text{O}=\text{Ti}=\text{O}$$

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses  
(performance enhancing additives for batteries)  
RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IC ICM H01M004-62

ICS H01M006-16

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST battery performance enhancing additive metal oxide

IT Battery anodes

Battery cathodes

Primary batteries

(performance enhancing additives for batteries)

IT Oxides (inorganic), uses

(performance enhancing additives for batteries)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses

(performance enhancing additives for batteries)

IT 1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide bi2o3, uses 1305-78-8, Calcia, uses

1307-96-6, Cobalt oxide coo, uses 1308-06-1, Cobalt oxide co3o4

1309-60-0, Lead dioxide 1313-96-8, Niobia 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide

zno, uses 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 7778-50-9, Potassium

dichromate 7790-75-2, Calcium tungstate cawo4 12017-01-5, Cobalt

titanium oxide cotio3 12023-27-7, Iron

titanium oxide (Fe2TiO5) 12030-97-6, Potassium

titanium oxide k2tio3 12032-30-3, Magnesium

titanium oxide mgtio3 12032-94-9, Zinc manganese

oxide ZnMn2O4 12047-27-7, Barium titanium

oxide batio3, uses 12048-52-1, Bismuth zirconium oxide

Bi2Zr3O9 12049-50-2, Calcium titanium oxide

catio3 12060-59-2, Strontium titanium oxide

srtio3 12441-73-5, Bismuth titanium oxide

Bi12TiO20 13463-67-7, Titania, uses

18282-10-5, Tin dioxide 21651-19-4, Tin oxide sno

(performance enhancing additives for batteries)

IT 1309-37-1, Ferric oxide, uses 1310-53-8, Germania, uses

1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide (K(OH)), uses 1312-43-2, Indium

oxide in2o3 1314-20-1, Thoria, uses 1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses

1314-35-8, Tungsten trioxide, uses 1314-56-3, Phosphorus

pentoxide, uses 1314-61-0, Tantalum pentoxide 7440-66-6,

Zinc, uses 12031-65-1, Lithium nickel oxide linio2

(performance enhancing additives for batteries)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

AN 132:336928 HCA Full-text

TI Alkaline zinc-manganese dioxide **battery** with electrode  
active material including barium compound as additive

IN Bennett, Wayne B.; Lubin, Donna L.

PA Eveready Battery Company, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI WO 2000030198 A1 20000525 WO 1999-US26814  
199911  
12

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W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ,  
DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP,  
KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK,  
MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL,  
TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,  
MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,  
DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF,  
BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 6203943 B1 20010320 US 1998-192251  
199811  
13

<--

CA 2351089 A1 20000525 CA 1999-2351089  
199911  
12

<--

EP 1138095 A1 20011004 EP 1999-958931  
199911  
12

<--

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,  
PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

JP 2002530815 T 20020917 JP 2000-583107  
199911  
12

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PRAI US 1998-192251 A 19981113 <--  
US 1999-412735 A 19991004 <--

WO 1999-US26814 W 19991112 <--

AB An electrochem. cell has an anode, a cathode and an electrolyte, the anode and optionally the cathode comprising a barium compd. such as **BaSO4** or **Ba(OH)2** as an additive. Alternatively, the cathode comprises **Ba(OH)2** as an additive. The anode comprises an anode active material such as zinc, and the cathode comprises a cathode active material such as manganese dioxide, preferably electrolytic manganese dioxide. Also provided is a method of treating active material by mixing with the barium compd. additive and drying the mixt. The anode and cathode are particularly adapted for use in an electrochem. cell having an alk. electrolyte. The barium compd. additive provides improved service performance for the cell.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses  
(alk. zinc-manganese dioxide **battery** with electrode active material including barium compd. as additive)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

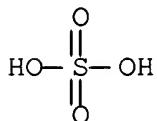


IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide

(alk. zinc-manganese dioxide **battery** with electrode active material including barium compd. as additive)

RN 7727-43-7 HCA

CN Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



● Ba

RN 17194-00-2 HCA

CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM H01M006-06

ICS H01M004-50; H01M004-42

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST zinc manganese dioxide **battery** barium compd electrode  
additive

IT **Battery anodes**

**Battery cathodes**

**Primary batteries**

(alk. zinc-manganese dioxide **battery** with  
electrode active material including barium compd. as additive)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(alk. zinc-manganese dioxide **battery** with electrode  
active material including barium compd. as additive)

IT 7440-39-3D, Barium, compd., uses 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate

17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide

(alk. zinc-manganese dioxide **battery** with electrode  
active material including barium compd. as additive)

IT 7664-93-9, Sulfuric acid, uses

(alk. zinc-manganese dioxide **battery** with electrode  
active material including barium compd. as additive)

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L33 ANSWER 13 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 124:207242 HCA Full-text

TI Sealed Zn secondary **battery** and Zn **anode**

with decreased solubility

IN Charkey, Allen

PA Energy Research Corporation, USA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 9 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 3

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI EP 697746 A1 19960221 EP 1995-113014  
199508  
18

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EP 697746 B1 20000412

R: DE, FR, GB

US 5460899 A 19951024 US 1994-292614  
199408  
18

<--

US 5556720 A 19960917 US 1995-431556  
199505  
01

<--

PRAI US 1994-292614 A 19940818 <--  
US 1995-431556 A 19950501 <--

AB A **Zn anode** comprises a **Zn** active material (ZnO), **Ba(OH)<sub>2</sub>** or **Sr(OH)<sub>2</sub>**, and a conductive matrix including a metallic oxide (PbO, Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, CdO, Ga<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Tl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) which is more electropos. than Zn. The anode is used in a Zn secondary **battery** having an electrolyte (KOH) whose electrolyte constituent is a low percentage of the electrolyte. The **Zn anode** is split into electrode assemblies sep'd. by a porous hydrophobic element.

IT 17194-00-2, Bariumhydroxide  
(anode; sealed Zn secondary battery  
with decreased anode soly.)

RN 17194-00-2 HCA

CN Barium hydroxide ( $\text{Ba}(\text{OH})_2$ ) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\text{HO} - \text{Ba} - \text{OH}$$

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide, uses  
(cathode; sealed Zn secondary **battery** with decreased  
anode solv.)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\text{O} \equiv \text{Mn} \equiv \text{O}$$

IC ICM H01M004-24

ICS H01M010-34

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

## ST zinc anode secondary battery

## IT Batteries, secondary

(Ni-Zn, sealed; sealed Zn secondary battery with decreased anode solv.)

## IT 1306-19-0, Cadmium oxide, uses

(anode; sealed Zn secondary battery with decreased anode solv.)

IT 1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide, uses 1305-62-0, Calciumhydroxide, uses

1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, uses 1314-32-5, Thallium oxide

1317-36-8, Lead oxide, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

12024-21-4, Gallium oxide 17194-00-2, Bariumhydroxide

18480-07-4, Strontium hydroxide  
 (anode; sealed Zn secondary battery  
 with decreased anode soly.)

IT 1308-06-1, Cobalt oxide (co<sub>3</sub>o<sub>4</sub>) 1313-13-9, Manganese  
 oxide, uses 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 12054-48-7, Nickel  
 hydroxide  
 (cathode; sealed Zn secondary battery with decreased  
 anode soly.)

IT 7440-22-4, Silver, uses 7440-50-8, Copper, uses  
 (current collector; sealed Zn secondary battery with  
 decreased anode soly.)

IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses 1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide  
 (electrolyte; sealed Zn secondary battery with  
 decreased anode soly.)

IT 9002-84-0, Ptfe  
 (sealed Zn secondary battery with decreased anode  
 soly.)

L33 ANSWER 14 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 123:61353 HCA Full-text

TI High-capacity rechargeable bobbin battery with manganese  
 dioxide cathodes

IN Tomantschger, Klaus; Book, R. James; Daniel-Ivad, Josef

PA Battery Technologies Inc., Can.

SO U.S., 9 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 115,356, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI US 5424145	A	19950613	US 1994-207629	
			199403	
			09	

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WO 9524742	A1	19950914	WO 1995-CA128	
			199503	
			08	

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W: AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CZ, EE, FI, GE, HU, JP, KG, KP,  
 KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU,  
 SG, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN

RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE,  
 IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML,  
 MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 9517525	A	19950925	AU 1995-17525
			199503
			08
			<--
CN 1112737	A	19951129	CN 1995-103067
			199503
			09
			<--
LT 4233	B	19971027	LT 1996-143
			199610
			08
			<--

PRAI US 1992-853265 B1 19920318 <--  
 US 1993-115356 B2 19930902 <--  
 US 1994-207629 A 19940309 <--  
 WO 1995-CA128 W 19950308 <--

AB The rechargeable **MnO<sub>2</sub>/Zn battery** with high capacity, high volumetric and gravimetric energy d., and high cycle life, is capable of continued charge-discharge cycles following an overdischarge. The cell has an aq. electrolyte, with the usual solute of KOH, but the solute may also be a mixt. of ZnCl<sub>2</sub> and NH<sub>4</sub>Cl. The electrode balance as detd. by the ratio of the theor. discharge capacity of the Zn and the theor. one electron discharge capacity of the **MnO<sub>2</sub>** ranges from >65 to 110%.

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 7440-66-6,  
 Zinc, uses 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide  
 (anode; high-capacity rechargeable battery  
 with manganese dioxide cathodes)

RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba == O

RN 7440-66-6 HCA  
 CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

RN 17194-00-2 HCA  
 CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO— Ba— OH

IT 7440-66-6D, Zinc, oxides or perovskites or spinels  
(cathode; high-capacity rechargeable **battery** with  
manganese dioxide cathodes)

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-39-3D,  
Barium, compds.

(cathode; high-capacity rechargeable **battery** with  
manganese dioxide cathodes)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

O—Mn—O

RN 7440-39-3 HCA

CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba

IC ICM H01M010-24

INCL 429057000

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST secondary **battery** manganese dioxide zinc; bobbin secondary

**battery** MnO<sub>2</sub> Zn; button secondary **battery**

MnO<sub>2</sub> Zn; coin secondary **battery** MnO<sub>2</sub> Zn

IT Batteries, secondary

(MnO<sub>2</sub>/Zn, bobbin or button or coin; high-capacity  
rechargeable **battery** with manganese dioxide cathodes)

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 1305-62-0, Calcium

hydroxide, uses 1305-78-8, Calcium oxide, uses 1309-42-8,

Magnesium hydroxide 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, uses

7439-92-1, Lead, uses 7439-97-6, Mercury, uses 7440-55-3,

Gallium, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 7440-74-6,

Indium, uses 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide  
(anode; high-capacity rechargeable battery  
with manganese dioxide cathodes)

IT 9002-89-5 9004-34-6, Cellulose, uses  
(barrier layer; high-capacity rechargeable battery with  
manganese dioxide cathodes)

IT 7429-90-5D, Aluminum, oxides or perovskites or spinels 7439-89-6D,  
Iron, oxides or perovskites or spinels 7439-96-5D, Manganese,  
oxides or perovskites or spinels 7440-02-0D, Nickel, oxides or  
perovskites or spinels 7440-22-4, Silver, uses 7440-22-4D,  
Silver, compds. 7440-22-4D, Silver, oxides or perovskites or  
spinels 7440-32-6D, Titanium, oxides or  
perovskites or spinels 7440-47-3D, Chromium, oxides or perovskites  
or spinels 7440-48-4D, Cobalt, oxides or perovskites or spinels  
7440-62-2D, Vanadium, oxides or perovskites or spinels  
7440-66-6D, Zinc, oxides or perovskites or spinels  
20667-12-3, Silver oxide  
(cathode; high-capacity rechargeable battery with  
manganese dioxide cathodes)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-39-3D,  
Barium, compds.  
(cathode; high-capacity rechargeable battery with  
manganese dioxide cathodes)

IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses 7646-85-7, Zinc chloride,  
uses 12125-02-9, Ammonium chloride, uses  
(electrolyte; high-capacity rechargeable battery with  
manganese dioxide cathodes)

IT 79-10-7D, Acrylic acid, polymers 9002-84-0, Ptfe 9002-88-4,  
Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene 9004-32-4, Carboxymethyl  
cellulose 9005-25-8, Starch, uses 25087-26-7D, derivs.  
(high-capacity rechargeable battery with manganese  
dioxide cathodes)

L33 ANSWER 15 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 122:138079 HCA Full-text

TI Development of a nickel/metal hydride battery (Ni/MH)  
system for EV application

AU Ikoma, Munehisa; Hamada, Shinji; Morishita, Nobuyasu; Hoshina,  
Yasuko; Matsuda, Hiromu; Ohta, Kazuhiro; Kimura, Tadao

CS EV Battery Development Cent., Matsushita Battery Ind. Co., Ltd.,  
Osaka, 570, Japan

SO Proceedings - Electrochemical Society (1994),  
94-27(Hydrogen and Metal Hydride Batteries), 370-80  
CODEN: PESODO; ISSN: 0161-6374

PB Electrochemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB In order to satisfy basic **battery** characteristics for elec. vehicles (EV) such as specific energy, specific power and cycle life that are required for driving on urban streets, we have selected valve-regulated lead acid **battery** as a conventional **battery** and nickel/metal-hydride **battery** as an advanced **battery**, and have been studying on these development in order to put into practical use by 1998. Regarding to nickel/metal-hydride **battery**, excellent nickel pos. electrode with high temp. charge efficiency accomplished with additive, such as Ca compd., and exceedingly good hydrogen absorbing alloy neg. electrode with high capacity and long cycle life, achieved by adjustment of alloy compn., surface treatment, and control of binder and conductive additive have been developed to overcome difficulties in scale up of **battery** size. Module **battery** using these technologies possessed specific energy twice (70 Wh/kg) as lead acid **battery**, and has superior specific power (160 Wh/kg) and long cycle life.

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 13463-67-7, Titania, uses (cathode additive; development of a nickel/metal hydride **battery** system for elec. vehicle application)

RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba == O

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

O == Mn == O

RN 13463-67-7 HCA

CN Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

O == Ti == O

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 56

ST nickel metal hydride **battery** elec vehicle

IT Batteries, secondary

(development of a nickel/metal hydride **battery** system for elec. vehicle application)

IT 1333-74-0, Hydrogen, processes

(absorption of; development of a nickel/metal hydride

battery system for elec. vehicle application)

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, uses 1306-19-0, Cadmium oxide, uses 1308-38-9, Chromic oxide, uses 1309-37-1, Ferric oxide, uses 1309-42-8, Magnesium hydroxide 1309-64-4, Antimony trioxide, uses 1312-43-2, Indium oxide in<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> 1312-81-8, Lanthanum oxide La<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, uses 1314-36-9, Yttria, uses 1314-62-1, Vanadium pentoxide, uses 1317-39-1, Cuprous oxide, uses 7789-75-5, Calcium fluoride, uses 13463-67-7, Titania, uses 18282-10-5, Tin dioxide 18480-07-4, Strontium hydroxide 20548-54-3, Calcium sulfide 20667-12-3, Silver oxide Ag<sub>2</sub>O

(cathode additive; development of a nickel/metal hydride battery system for elec. vehicle application)

IT 11113-74-9, Nickel hydroxide (cathodes; development of a nickel/metal hydride battery system for elec. vehicle application)

IT 106934-76-3 (hydrogen-absorbing anodes; development of a nickel/metal hydride battery system for elec. vehicle application)

L33 ANSWER 16 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 122:138075 HCA Full-text

TI Nickel hydroxide electrode: improvement of charge efficiency at high temperature

AU Ohta, K.; Kayashi, K.; Matsuda, H.; Toyoguchi, Y.; Ikoma, M.

CS Home Appliance Technol. Res. Lab., Matsushita Electr. Ind. Co., Ltd., Osaka, 570, Japan

SO Proceedings - Electrochemical Society (1994), 94-27(Hydrogen and Metal Hydride Batteries), 296-302  
CODEN: PESODO; ISSN: 0161-6374

PB Electrochemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB We examined charge efficiency and oxygen evolution overvoltage at high temp. of pasted type nickel hydroxide electrodes including various compds. of wide range group elements. Nickel hydroxide pos. electrodes including some of these additives were found to have high oxygen evolution overvoltage and some of them to have high charge efficiency at high temp. The 130 Ah scale sealed type Ni/MH cell including nickel hydroxide electrodes with these additives was confirmed to have high charge efficiency at high temp. from the effective suppression of oxygen evolution.

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 13463-67-7, Titania, uses (improvement of charge efficiency at high temp. of nickel hydroxide electrode)

RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba == O

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

O == Mn == O

RN 13463-67-7 HCA

CN Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

O == Ti == O

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST **battery** nickel hydroxide electrode charge efficiency

IT Electrodes

(**battery**, improvement of charge efficiency at high  
temp. of nickel hydroxide electrode)

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 1305-62-0, Calcium

hydroxide, uses 1306-19-0, Cadmium oxide, uses 1308-38-9,

Chromic oxide, uses 1309-37-1, Ferric oxide, uses 1309-42-8,

Magnesium hydroxide 1309-64-4, Antimony trioxide, uses

1312-43-2, Indium oxide 1312-81-8, Lanthanum oxide

1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide,

uses 1314-36-9, Yttria, uses 1314-62-1, Vanadium pentoxide, uses

1317-39-1, Cuprous oxide, uses 7789-75-5, Calcium fluoride, uses

12054-48-7, Nickel hydroxide 13463-67-7, Titania

, uses 18282-10-5, Tin dioxide 18480-07-4, Strontium hydroxide

20548-54-3, Calcium sulfide 20667-12-3, Silver oxide

(improvement of charge efficiency at high temp. of nickel  
hydroxide electrode)

L33 ANSWER 17 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 118:63284 HCA Full-text

TI Secondary manganese dioxide/zinc alkaline **battery** having  
high capacity and energy density

IN Tomantschger, Klaus; Book, R. James; Findlay, Robert D.

PA Battery Technologies Inc., Can.

SO Can. Pat. Appl., 23 pp.

CODEN: CPXXEB

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI CA 2037744	A1	19920908	CA 1991-2037744	
			199103	
			07	

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PRAI CA 1991-2037744 19910307 <--

AB The **battery** is anode limited, and each of the anode and cathode is phys. dimensioned so that the anode capacity is .apprx.(0.45-1.00) C, where C is capacity of the cathode. The energy densities of the **battery** are >70 W-h/kg and >200 W-h/L. Each electrode may contain addnl. additives. The cathode may have addnl. hydrophobic materials and a porous additive such as carbon black to improve H transport. The anode may have a small amt. of additive (Hg, Ga, In, Cd) to prevent evolution of H.

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses

(anodes contg., **zinc**, for decreasing zincate mobility, in secondary **batteries**)

RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba == O

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses

(cathodes, contg. hydrogen-recombination catalyst and hydrophobic additive, for secondary zinc **batteries**)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

O == Mn == O

IC ICM H01M010-34

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST manganese dioxide zinc secondary **battery**; cathode

manganese dioxide additive; **anode zinc** additive

hydrogen evolution

IT Carbon fibers, uses

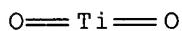
(cathodes contg., manganese dioxide, for secondary zinc





RN 13463-67-7 HCA

CN Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM H01M008-12

ICS H01M004-86

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 57

ST methane air fuel cell; ceria ceramics anode fuel cell; yttria zirconia fuel cell electrolyte

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide (Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>), uses 1305-78-8, Calcia, uses 1309-48-4, Magnesia, uses 1312-43-2, Indium oxide (In<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 1312-81-8, Lanthanum oxide (La<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 1313-96-8, Niobium pentoxide 1313-99-1, Nickel oxide (NiO), uses 1314-11-0, Strontium oxide, uses 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, uses 1314-60-9, Antimony pentoxide 1314-61-0, Tantalum pentoxide 1332-37-2, Iron oxide, uses 1344-54-3, Titanium oxide (Ti<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 1344-70-3, Copper oxide 11099-11-9, Vanadium oxide 11104-61-3, Cobalt oxide 11118-57-3, Chromium oxide 12024-21-4, Gallium oxide (Ga<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 12060-08-1, Scandium oxide (Sc<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 13463-67-7, Titania, uses (anodes from ceria-based ceramics contg., for methane-air fuel cells)

L33 ANSWER 19 OF 19 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 95:15152 HCA Full-text

TI Secondary battery

PA Suwa Seikosha Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.      KIND    DATE      APPLICATION NO.      DATE

PI JP 56011859      A    19810205    JP 1979-87838

197907

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PRAI JP 1979-87838 A 19790711 <--

AB The electrode-active material for a secondary **battery** consists of an electrochromic material selected from WO<sub>3</sub>, MoO<sub>3</sub>, **TiO<sub>2</sub>**, SiTiO<sub>3</sub>, and a Pt metal oxide or  $\geq 2$  oxides or hydroxides selected from Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, ZnO, TeO<sub>2</sub>, Sb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, SeO<sub>2</sub>, **BaO**, Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, CaF<sub>2</sub>, SnO<sub>2</sub>, In<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, CdS, As<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, GeO<sub>2</sub>, SiO<sub>2</sub>, Mn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, **MnO<sub>2</sub>**, CdO, Ag<sub>2</sub>O, Ir(OH)<sub>n</sub>, and rare earth oxides. The electrochromic material may also be a org. dye such as brominated viologen and spiropyran. Rapid charging of the **battery** becomes possible.

IC H01M004-48

CC 72-2 (Electrochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 74

ST secondary **battery** electrochromic material electrode; org  
dye oxide **battery** electrode

IT Electrochromic materials

Oxides, uses and miscellaneous

(electrodes for secondary **batteries** contg.)

IT Dyes

(secondary **battery** electrodes contg.)

IT Electrodes

(**battery**, dyes and electrochromic materials and oxides  
for secondary)

IT 7726-95-6D, compds. with dyes

(electrodes contg., for secondary **batteries**)

=> D L34 1-15 BIB ABS HITSTR HITIND

L34 ANSWER 1 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 145:30921 HCA Full-text

TI Cathodes for zinc manganese dioxide **batteries** having  
barium additives

IN Taucher, Waltraud; Kordesch, Karl; Daniel-Ivad, Josef

PA Austria

SO Can. Pat. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: CPXXEB

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI CA 2126069 A1 19930624 CA 1992-2126069  
199212  
21

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CA 2126069 C 20060606

WO 9312551 A1 19930624 WO 1992-CA553  
199212  
21

<--

W: AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CS, FI, JP, KP, KR, LK, MG, MN, MW, NO,  
PL, RO, RU, SD

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT,  
SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, SN, TD, TG

PRAI HU 1991-4047 A 19911219 <--

WO 1992-CA553 W 19921221 <--

AB A cathode structure for alk. manganese dioxide-zinc **primary** or rechargeable **cells** with improved capacity that comprise manganese dioxide active material, a conductive powder and an additive material uniformly mixed and pressed to form a porous body, wherein the additive is a barium compd. which is at least 3% mass of the solid components. The preferred additive is barium oxide, barium hydroxide or barium sulfate. The invention relates also to alk. manganese dioxide-zinc **primary** or rechargeable **cells**, wherein the cathode structure is employed.

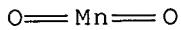
IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-66-6,

Zinc, uses

(cathodes for zinc manganese dioxide **batteries** having  
barium additives)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7440-66-6 HCA

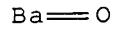
CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

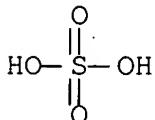
IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide  
(cathodes for zinc manganese dioxide **batteries** having  
barium additives)

RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7727-43-7 HCA  
CN Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



● Ba

RN 17194-00-2 HCA  
CN Barium hydroxide ( $\text{Ba}(\text{OH})_2$ ) (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST cathode zinc manganese dioxide **battery** barium additive

IT **Battery** cathodes

Primary **batteries**

Secondary **batteries**

(cathodes for zinc manganese dioxide **batteries** having  
barium additives)

IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses **1313-13-9**, Manganese  
dioxide, uses **7440-66-6**, Zinc, uses

(cathodes for zinc manganese dioxide **batteries** having  
barium additives)

IT **1304-28-5**, Barium oxide, uses **7440-39-3D**, Barium, compd.

**7727-43-7**, Barium sulfate **17194-00-2**, Barium  
hydroxide

(cathodes for zinc manganese dioxide **batteries** having  
barium additives)

L34 ANSWER 2 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 143:156366 HCA Full-text

TI Cathode material for **battery**

IN Iltchev, Nikolay K.; Mao, Ou; Eylem, Cahit; Cintra, George; Pinnell,  
Leslie J.

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 10 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI US 2005164089	A1	20050728	US 2004-765569	
			200401	
			28	

WO 2005074059	A1	20050811	WO 2005-US2512	
			200501	
			26	

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CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI,  
GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP,  
KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,  
MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD,  
SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC,  
VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW,  
AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ,  
DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC,  
NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,  
GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

EP 1709703	A1	20061011	EP 2005-712111	
			200501	
			26	

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R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,  
PT, IE, SI, LT, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, IS

CN 1914752	A	20070214	CN 2005-80003474	
			200501	
			26	

<--

BR 2005007167	A	20070626	BR 2005-7167	
			200501	
			26	

<--

JP 2007519212	T	20070712	JP 2006-551447	
			200501	
			26	

<--

PRAI US 2004-765569	A1	20040128	<--
WO 2005-US2512	W	20050126	

AB The cathode of an alk. **battery** can include an elec. conductive additive to increase the cathode efficiency. The additive can include a barium salt and an elec. conductive material. The elec. conductive material can be coated on a surface of the barium salt. The elec. conductive material can be an elec. conductive metal oxide.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-66-6,

Zinc, uses

(cathode material for **battery**)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

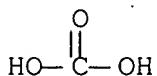
Zn

IT 513-77-9, Barium carbonate 1304-28-5, Barium oxide, uses 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide

(cathode material for **battery**)

RN 513-77-9 HCA

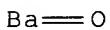
CN Carbonic acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



● Ba

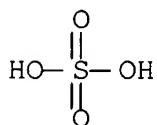
RN 1304-28-5 HCA

CN Barium oxide (BaO) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7727-43-7 HCA

CN Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



● Ba

RN 17194-00-2 HCA

CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM H01M004-62

ICS H01M004-50; H01M004-42

INCL 429232000; 429224000; 429229000; 029623100

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST cathode material **battery**

IT **Battery** cathodes

Primary **batteries**

(cathode material for **battery**)

IT Oxides (inorganic), uses

(cathode material for **battery**)

IT Coating materials

(elec. conductive; cathode material for **battery**)

IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses 1313-13-9, Manganese

dioxide, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(cathode material for **battery**)

IT 513-77-9, Barium carbonate 1304-28-5, Barium

oxide, uses 1332-29-2, Tin oxide 7440-39-3D, Barium, salt

7727-43-7, Barium sulfate 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses

17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide

(cathode material for **battery**)

L34 ANSWER 3 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 141:216671 HCA Full-text

TI Preparation of metal chalcogenides from reactions of metal compounds

and chalcogen

IN Seo, Dong-kyun; Iancu, Nora; Wu, Liming  
PA Arizona Board of Regents, Acting for and On Behalf of Arizona State

University, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI WO 2004073021	A2	20040826	WO 2004-US2929	
		200402		
		02		

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WO 2004073021 A3 20050113

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA,  
CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI,  
GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP,  
KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,  
MX, MZ, NA, NI

RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT,  
BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,  
IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,  
CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2006239882	A1	20061026	US 2006-544266	
		200601		
		10		

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PRAI US 2003-444078P P 20030131 <--

US 2003-511482P P 20031015 <--

WO 2004-US2929 W 20040202 <--

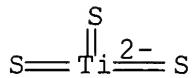
AB A method of prep. metal chalcogenides from elemental metal or metal compds. has the following steps: providing at least one elemental metal or metal compd.; providing at least one element from periodic table groups 13-15; providing at least one chalcogen; and combining and heating the chalcogen, the group 13-15 element and the metal at sufficient time and temp. to form a metal chalcogenide. A method of functionalizing the surface of semiconducting nanoparticles has the following steps: providing at least one metal compd.; providing one chalcogenide having a cation selected from the group 13-15 (B, Al, Ga, In, Si, Ge, Sn, Pb, P, As, Sb and Bi); dissolving the chalcogenide in a 1st soln.; dissolving the metal compd. in a 2nd soln.; providing and dissolving a functional capping agent in at least one of the solns. of the metal compds. and chalcogenide; combining all solns.; and maintaining the combined soln. at a proper temp. for an appropriate time.

IT 12009-33-5P, Barium titanium sulfide (BaTiS3)

(prepn. of)

RN 12009-33-5 HCA

CN Titanate(2-), trithioxo-, barium (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● Ba<sup>2+</sup>

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, reactions 13463-67-7

, Titania, reactions  
(sulfidation of)

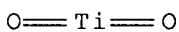
RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 13463-67-7 HCA

CN Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM H01L

CC 76-2 (Electric Phenomena)

Section cross-reference(s): 78

IT Battery anodes

(fabrication of chalcogenides for)

IT 1306-23-6P, Cadmium sulfide, preparation 1306-24-7P, Cadmium selenide, preparation 1314-87-0P, Lead monosulfide 1314-91-6P, Lead monotelluride 1315-09-9P, Zinc selenide 1317-33-5P, Molybdenum disulfide, preparation 12009-33-5P, Barium titanium sulfide (BaTiS<sub>3</sub>) 12030-24-9P, Indium sesquisulfide 12035-51-7P, Nickel disulfide 12039-13-3P, Titanium disulfide 12039-19-9P, Yttrium sesquisulfide 12068-85-8P, Iron disulfide 12069-00-0P, Lead monoselenide 12133-58-3P, Cerium disulfide 12138-09-9P, Tungsten disulfide 12166-20-0P, Ruthenium disulfide 12166-34-6P, Vanadium tetrasulfide 12196-48-4P, Indium potassium sulfide (InKS<sub>2</sub>) 12196-51-9P, Indium sodium sulfide (InNaS<sub>2</sub>) 12316-04-0P, Niobium trisulfide 12423-80-2P, Titanium trisulfide

12503-33-2P, Neodymium sulfide (NdS<sub>2</sub>) 12506-14-8P, Bismuth sodium sulfide (BiNaS<sub>2</sub>) 12507-23-2P, Erbium disulfide 18820-29-6P, Manganese monosulfide 20820-34-2P, Molybdenum monosulfide 27112-61-4P, Terbium sulfide TbS<sub>2</sub> 55957-42-1P, Europium sulfide EuS<sub>2</sub> 56091-75-9P, Samarium disulfide 206866-06-0P, Indium sodium selenide (InNaSe<sub>2</sub>)

(prepn. of)

IT 1308-96-9, Europium sesquioxide 1309-37-1, Ferric oxide, reactions 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, reactions 1313-27-5, Molybdenum oxide (MoO<sub>3</sub>), reactions 1313-96-8, Niobium pentoxide 1313-97-9, Neodymium sesquioxide 1313-99-1, Nickel monoxide, reactions 1314-35-8, Tungsten trioxide, reactions 1314-36-9, Yttrium sesquioxide, reactions 1314-62-1, Vanadium pentoxide, reactions 1317-61-9, Iron oxide (Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>), reactions 1345-13-7, Cerium sesquioxide 7439-98-7, Molybdenum, reactions 7440-25-7, Tantalum, reactions 7440-33-7, Tungsten, reactions 12034-57-0, Niobium oxide (NbO) 12036-10-1, Ruthenium dioxide 12037-01-3, Terbium oxide (Tb<sub>4</sub>O<sub>7</sub>) 12060-58-1, Samarium sesquioxide 12061-16-4, Erbium sesquioxide 13463-67-7, Titania, reactions 18868-43-4, Molybdenum oxide (MoO<sub>2</sub>) (sulfidation of)

L34 ANSWER 4 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 139:278899 HCA Full-text

TI Study on Zn/air **battery** and its electrode materials

AU Yang, Hong-ping; Wang, Xian-you; Wang, Xing-yan; Huang, Wei-guo; Luo, Xu-fang

CS Chemistry College, Xiangtan University, Xiangtan, Hunan, 411105, Peop. Rep. China

SO Dianchi (2003), 33(2), 80-82

CODEN: DNCHEP; ISSN: 1001-1579

PB Dianchi Zazhishe

DT Journal

LA Chinese

AB Because of its steady performance, more sources of raw material, higher sp. energy d. and low cost, Zn/air **batteries** are studied. CoO, Ag<sub>2</sub>O, CaO, MnO<sub>2</sub>, Ba(OH)<sub>2</sub>, Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> and KMnO<sub>4</sub> were selected as catalytic cathode materials for Zn/air **batteries**. To compare the characteristics of the various catalysts, the electrochem. performance of the materials was measured by linear sweep voltammetry. A mixed catalyst had smaller polarization characteristics and better electrode performance than others and this kind of material was suitable for cathodes of Zn/air **batteries**. A test of performance showed that the **battery** with the mixed catalyst had a more steady discharging potential stage and greater discharging capacity.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>), uses

17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)

2)

(catalytic cathode materials for Zn/air **batteries**)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 17194-00-2 HCA

CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(catalytic cathode materials for Zn/air batteries)

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST air zinc battery manganese oxide catalytic cathode material

IT Air

Battery cathodes

Primary batteries

(catalytic cathode materials for Zn/air batteries)

IT 1305-78-8, Calcium oxide (CaO), uses 1307-96-6, Cobaltous oxide,

uses 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>), uses

7722-64-7, Potassium permanganate 12054-48-7, Nickel hydroxide

(Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub>) 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)<sub>2</sub>)

20667-12-3, Silver oxide (Ag<sub>2</sub>O)

(catalytic cathode materials for Zn/air batteries)

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(catalytic cathode materials for Zn/air batteries)

L34 ANSWER 5 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 139:218132 HCA Full-text

TI Process for sealing of stone porous material

IN Ordonez Delgado, Salvador; Aldaz Riera, Antonio; Montiel Leguey, Vicente; Exposito Rodriguez, Eduardo; Bernabeu Gonzalvez, Ana

PA Universidad de Alicante, Spain

SO Span., 8 pp.

CODEN: SPXXAD

DT Patent

LA Spanish

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI	ES 2183696	A1	20030316	ES 2000-2681 200011 07
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ES 2183696	B2	20031116
PRAI ES 2000-2681		20001107 <--

AB Process for sealing of stone porous material consists of pptn. of insol. compd. on surface of pores of the stone porous material by the reaction of cations and anions moving in elec. field in electrochem. reactor. The sealed porous material can be used in construction and decoration.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses

(anode in electrolytic cell for sealing of  
stone porous material by formation of insol. compd. in pores by  
electrophoretic deposition)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

O == Mn == O

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(electrode in electrolytic cell for sealing  
of stone porous material by formation of insol. compd. in pores  
by electrophoretic deposition)

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

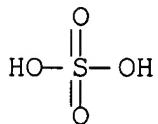
Zn

IT 7727-43-7P, Barium sulfate 17194-00-2P, Barium  
hydroxide

(sealing of stone porous material by electrophoretic deposition  
of)

RN 7727-43-7 HCA

CN Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



● Ba

RN 17194-00-2 HCA

CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM C04B041-45

ICS B28D001-00

CC 58-6 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials)

Section cross-reference(s): 66

IT Current density

(a in **electrolytic cell** for sealing of stone  
porous material by formation of insol. compd. in pores by  
electrophoretic deposition)

IT Anodes

(dimensionally stable anodes; use in **electrolytic cell**  
for sealing of stone porous material by formation of  
insol. compd. in pores by electrophoretic deposition)

IT Electrodes

(gas-diffusion; use in **electrolytic cell** for  
sealing of stone porous material by formation of insol. compd. in  
pores by electrophoretic deposition)

IT 1309-60-0, Lead dioxide 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses

7440-02-0, Nickel, uses 18282-10-5, Tin dioxide  
(anode in **electrolytic cell** for sealing of  
stone porous material by formation of insol. compd. in pores by  
electrophoretic deposition)

IT 7782-40-3, Diamond, uses

(boron doped; anode in **electrolytic cell** for  
sealing of stone porous material by formation of insol. compd. in  
pores by electrophoretic deposition)

IT 7439-92-1, Lead, uses 7440-06-4, Platinum, uses 7440-32-6,

Titanium, uses 7440-50-8, Copper, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 12597-68-1, Stainless steel, uses 12597-69-2, Steel, uses 37286-21-8, HASTELLOY

(electrode in electrolytic cell for sealing of stone porous material by formation of insol. compd. in pores by electrophoretic deposition)

IT 471-34-1P, Calcium carbonate, preparation 1305-62-0P, Calcium hydroxide, preparation 1309-37-1P, Iron oxide Fe2O3, preparation 7727-43-7P, Barium sulfate 7778-18-9P, Calcium sulfate 10103-46-5P, Calcium phosphate 13847-18-2P, Barium phosphate 17194-00-2P, Barium hydroxide  
(sealing of stone porous material by electrophoretic deposition of)

L34 ANSWER 6 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 138:306736 HCA Full-text

TI Ferrate electrode and alkaline high-energy battery

IN Pan, Junqing; Chen, Yongmei; Zhao, Xuhui

PA Peop. Rep. China

SO Faming Zhanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 8 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DT Patent

LA Chinese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI	CN 1346161	A	20020424	CN 2000-124579
				200009
				22

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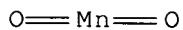
PRAI CN 2000-124579 20000922 <--

AB The electrode is composed of a ferrate electrode active material (BaFeO4, CaFeO4, SrFeO4, and/or K2FeO4) 65-85, a conductor (powd. graphite or purified colloidal graphite) 8-15, an additive (MnO2) 0-10, an electrolyte (7-13M NaOH or KOH) 7-15, and a binder 0-2%. When the electrode active material is BaFeO4, SrFeO4, or CaFeO4, the electrolyte is Ba(OH)2, Sr(OH)2, or Ca(OH)2, resp. The battery consists of pos. electrode, neg. electrode, alk. electrolyte, and a separator between the pos. electrode and the neg. electrode; the pos. electrode is the ferrate electrode, and the neg. electrode is an active metal such as Zn, Fe, or Al. When powd. Fe is used as neg. electrode, the powd. Fe is prep'd. by reducing Fe2O3 with H at 650-675°, and contains addnl. 1-4% HgO or Cd, or is coated with a layer of Sn 1-10 µm thick.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 17194-00-2, Barium hydroxide  
(ferrate electrode and alk. high-energy battery)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO2) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 7440-66-6 HCA  
CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

RN 17194-00-2 HCA  
CN Barium hydroxide (Ba(OH)2) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO—Ba—OH

IC ICM H01M004-48  
ICS H01M004-52; H01M004-06; H01M006-04; H01M004-38  
CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)  
ST ferrate pos electrode alk battery  
IT Battery cathodes  
Primary batteries  
(ferrate electrode and alk. high-energy battery)  
IT Anions  
(ferrates; ferrate electrode and alk. high-energy battery  
)  
IT 1305-62-0, Calcium hydroxide, uses 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide,  
uses 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, uses 1313-13-9,  
Manganese dioxide, uses 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7440-31-5,  
Tin, uses 7440-43-9, Cadmium, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses  
7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 13773-22-3, Iron strontium oxide  
(FeSrO4) 13773-23-4, Barium iron oxide (BaFeO4) 17194-00-2  
, Barium hydroxide 18480-07-4, Strontium hydroxide 35764-67-1,  
Calcium ferrate 251321-67-2, Iron potassium oxide (FeKO4)  
(ferrate electrode and alk. high-energy battery)  
IT 7439-89-6P, Iron, uses  
(ferrate electrode and alk. high-energy battery)

L34 ANSWER 7 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 130:185153 HCA Full-text  
TI Method for recovery of zinc and manganese dioxide from spent

**dry cell**

IN Bao, Zhixiang

PA Peop. Rep. China

SO Faming Zhanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 8 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DT Patent

LA Chinese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI CN 1120592	A	19960417	CN 1994-111199	
			199410	
			08	

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PRAI CN 1994-111199 19941008 <--

AB The method comprises (1) calcining the **dry cells** in a reducing atm., (2) removing C rods and Zn lumps passing a screen and removing Fe by electromagnetic method, (3) mixing with concd. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> under stirring and heating the paste by passing hot air to remove HCl, (4) dissolving the material with spent electrolytic soln., (5) adjusting pH of the soln. to 3.8-5.2 with Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub> or Ba(OH)<sub>2</sub>, and (6) replacing with powd. Zn and electrolysis to deposit Zn and MnO<sub>2</sub>.

IT 1313-13-9P, Manganese dioxide, preparation

7440-66-6P, Zinc, preparation

(recovery of zinc and manganese dioxide from spent **dry cell**)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

O = Mn = O

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IC C22B-700

CC 54-3 (Extractive Metallurgy)

Section cross-reference(s): 52

ST zinc manganese dioxide recovery **dry cell**

IT Electrodeposition

(recovery of zinc and manganese dioxide from spent **dry**

cell by electrodeposition)  
IT 1313-13-9P, Manganese dioxide, preparation  
7440-66-6P, Zinc, preparation  
(recovery of zinc and manganese dioxide from spent **dry**  
**cell**)

L34 ANSWER 8 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 128:50715 HCA Full-text

TI Preparation of physically modified manganese dioxide for cathodes of  
secondary alkaline **batteries** of long cycle life

IN Klos, Matthias; Rahner, Dietmar; Plieth, Waldfried

PA Technische Universitaet Dresden, Germany

SO Ger. Offen., 7 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
------------	------	------	-----------------	------

PI DE 19617512	A1	19971113	DE 1996-19617512	
			199605	
			02	

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PRAI DE 1996-19617512 19960502 <--

AB **MnO<sub>2</sub>** is mixed with MTiO<sub>3</sub> at 100:(2-35) wt. ratio, and the obtained mixt. is used to prep. cathodes  
for the title **batteries**. M is an alk. earth metal and esp. Ba. **MnO<sub>2</sub>** can contain crystal H<sub>2</sub>O.

IT 12047-27-7, Barium titanate, uses  
(cathodes of long cycle-life alk. **batteries** from mixts.  
of manganese dioxide and)

RN 12047-27-7 HCA

CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO<sub>3</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide (**MnO<sub>2</sub>**), uses  
(cathodes of long cycle-life alk. **batteries** from phys.  
modified)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

O=Mn=O

IC ICM H01M004-50

ICA C01G045-02; C01G023-00

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 49

ST manganese dioxide barium titanate **battery** cathode; cathode  
**battery** modified manganese dioxide; alk earth metal titanate  
**battery** modified

IT **Battery** cathodes  
(prepn. of phys. modified manganese dioxide for long cycle-life  
secondary alk.)

IT Alkaline earth compounds  
(titanates; cathodes of long cycle-life alk. **batteries**  
from mixts. of manganese dioxide and)

IT 12047-27-7, Barium titanate, uses 89412-00-0, Radium  
**titanium oxide** (RaTiO<sub>3</sub>)  
(cathodes of long cycle-life alk. **batteries** from mixts.  
of manganese dioxide and)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>), uses  
(cathodes of long cycle-life alk. **batteries** from phys.  
modified)

L34 ANSWER 9 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 128:50676 HCA Full-text

TI The effect of alkaline earth titanates on the rechargeability of  
manganese dioxide in alkaline electrolyte

AU Kloss, M.; Rahner, D.; Plieth, W.

CS Dresden University of Technology, Institute of Physical Chemistry  
and Electrochemistry, Dresden, 01062, Germany

SO Journal of Power Sources (1997), 69(1-2), 137-143

CODEN: JPSODZ; ISSN: 0378-7753

PB Elsevier Science S.A.

DT Journal

LA English

AB Various alk. earth titanates were tested as the additives for manganese dioxide electrodes in aq.  
electrolyte (9 mol/L KOH) at room temp. The influence of the additives on the discharge capacity of  
primary cells and esp. on cycling behavior of rechargeable alk. **batteries** is discussed.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses

(effect of alk. earth titanates on rechargeability of manganese  
dioxide **battery** cathode in alk. electrolyte)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

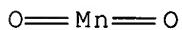
CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



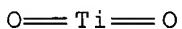
IT 12047-27-7, Barium titanate (BaTiO<sub>3</sub>), uses  
(effect of alk. earth titanates on rechargeability of manganese  
dioxide **battery** cathode in alk. electrolyte)

RN 12047-27-7 HCA  
CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO<sub>3</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)  
\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*  
CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)  
ST alk earth titanate manganese dioxide cathode; **battery**  
manganese dioxide cathode rechargeability  
IT Titanates  
Titanates  
(alk. earth; effect of alk. earth titanates on rechargeability of  
manganese dioxide **battery** cathode in alk. electrolyte)  
IT Battery cathodes  
(effect of alk. earth titanates on rechargeability of manganese  
dioxide **battery** cathode in alk. electrolyte)  
IT Alkaline earth oxides  
Alkaline earth oxides  
(**titanium oxides**; effect of alk. earth  
titанates on rechargeability of manganese dioxide **battery**  
cathode in alk. electrolyte)  
IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses  
(effect of alk. earth titanates on rechargeability of manganese  
dioxide **battery** cathode in alk. electrolyte)  
IT 12047-27-7, Barium titanate (BaTiO<sub>3</sub>), uses 12049-50-2,  
Calcium titanate (CaTiO<sub>3</sub>) 12060-59-2, Strontium titanate (SrTiO<sub>3</sub>)  
(effect of alk. earth titanates on rechargeability of manganese  
dioxide **battery** cathode in alk. electrolyte)  
RE.CNT 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT  
  
L34 ANSWER 10 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 127:250505 HCA Full-text  
TI The effect of new additives on discharge behavior and  
rechargeability of manganese dioxide in alkaline electrolyte  
AU Kloss, M.; Gruhnwald, C.; Rahner, D.; Plieth, W.; Hilarius, V.;  
Glausch, R.; Pfaff, G.  
CS Institute of Physical Chemistry and Electrochemistry, Dresden  
University of Technology, Dresden, D-01062, Germany  
SO Proceedings - Electrochemical Society (1997),  
97-18(Batteries for Portable Applications and Electric Vehicles),  
905-914  
CODEN: PESODO; ISSN: 0161-6374  
PB Electrochemical Society  
DT Journal  
LA English  
AB Various new additives have been tested as modifiers for manganese dioxide electrodes in aq. electrolyte  
(9 mol/L KOH) at room temp. The influence of the additives on the discharge capacity of **primary cells**  
and esp. on cycling behavior of rechargeable alk. **batteries** will be discussed.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses  
(effect of new additives on discharge behavior and  
rechargeability of manganese dioxide in alk. electrolyte)  
RN 1313-13-9 HCA  
CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 12047-27-7, Barium titanate, uses 13463-67-7,  
Titania, uses  
(effect of new additives on discharge behavior and  
rechargeability of manganese dioxide in alk. electrolyte)  
RN 12047-27-7 HCA  
CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO<sub>3</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)  
\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*  
RN 13463-67-7 HCA  
CN Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)  
ST battery manganese dioxide alk electrolyte rechargeability  
IT Primary batteries  
Secondary batteries  
(effect of new additives on discharge behavior and  
rechargeability of manganese dioxide in alk. electrolyte)  
IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses  
(effect of new additives on discharge behavior and  
rechargeability of manganese dioxide in alk. electrolyte)  
IT 1345-25-1, Iron oxide feo, uses 12047-27-7, Barium  
titanate, uses 12049-50-2, Calcium titanate 12060-59-2,  
Strontium titanate 13463-67-7, Titania, uses  
18282-10-5, Tin dioxide 142444-04-0, Iridin 120 142661-62-9,  
Iridin 111 Rutile Fine Satin 143748-91-8  
(effect of new additives on discharge behavior and  
rechargeability of manganese dioxide in alk. electrolyte)

RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L34 ANSWER 11 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 126:106565 HCA Full-text

TI Battery cathodes containing additives

IN Swierbut, Wendi M.; Nardi, John C.

PA Eveready Battery Company, USA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 13 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI EP 747982	A1	19961211	EP 1996-304263	
			199606	
			07	

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EP 747982	B1	20000126
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R: BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE

US 5599644	A	19970204	US 1995-485424	
			199506	
			07	

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CA 2178423	A1	19961208	CA 1996-2178423	
			199606	
			06	

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JP 09106811	A	19970422	JP 1996-143930	
			199606	
			06	

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CN 1147703	A	19970416	CN 1996-106837	
			199606	
			07	

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PRAI US 1995-485424 A 19950607 <--

AB The cathodes include a **MnO<sub>2</sub>** active material and an additive selected from  $\geq 1$  of SnO<sub>2</sub>, Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-TiO<sub>2</sub>, TiO<sub>2</sub>, BaTiO<sub>3</sub>, K<sub>2</sub>TiO<sub>3</sub>, Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> or SnO. The cathode is esp. adapted for use in an alk. Zn battery.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses  
(battery cathodes contg. additives)

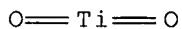
RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

O=Mn=O

IT 12047-27-7, Barium titanate (BaTiO<sub>3</sub>), uses  
13463-67-7, Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>)  
, uses  
(battery cathodes from manganese dioxide contg.)

RN 12047-27-7 HCA  
CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO<sub>3</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)  
\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*  
RN 13463-67-7 HCA  
CN Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM H01M004-50  
ICS H01M004-62  
CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)  
ST battery cathode manganese dioxide additive; tin oxide  
manganese dioxide battery cathode; titania  
manganese dioxide battery cathode; barium titanate  
manganese dioxide battery cathode; titanate potassium  
manganese dioxide battery cathode; niobium oxide manganese  
dioxide battery cathode; vanadium oxide manganese dioxide  
battery cathode; iron oxide manganese dioxide  
battery cathode

IT Battery cathodes  
(manganese dioxide contg. additives)  
IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses  
(battery cathodes contg. additives)  
IT 1309-37-1, Iron oxide (Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>), uses 1313-96-8, Niobium oxide  
(Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>) 1314-62-1, Vanadium oxide (V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>), uses 12030-97-6,  
Potassium titanate (K<sub>2</sub>TiO<sub>3</sub>) 12047-27-7, Barium titanate  
(BaTiO<sub>3</sub>), uses 13463-67-7, Titanium  
oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>), uses 18282-10-5, Tin oxide (SnO<sub>2</sub>)  
21651-19-4, Tin oxide (SnO)  
(battery cathodes from manganese dioxide contg.)

L34 ANSWER 12 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 125:334032 HCA Full-text  
TI Screening study of mixed transition-metal oxides for use as cathodes  
in thermal batteries  
AU Guidotti, Ronald A.; Reinhardt, Frederick W.  
CS Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, NM, 87185-0614, USA  
SO Proceedings of the Power Sources Conference (1996), 37th,  
251-254

CODEN: PPOCFD

PB National Technical Information Service

DT Journal

LA English

AB Mixed transition-metal oxides were evaluated for possible use as cathodes in thermal batteries. Over 100 candidates were examd., including com. materials and many that were synthesized in house. The mixed oxides were based on Ti, V, Nb, Cr, Mo, W, Mn, Fe, Co, Ni, and Cu doped with other transition metals. A no. of individual (single-metal) oxides were included in the study for comparison. The candidates were tested in single cells with Li(Si) anodes and separators based on LiCl-KCl eutectic. Screening was done under const.-current conditions at current densities of 125 mA/cm<sup>2</sup> and, to a lesser extent, 50 mA/cm<sup>2</sup> at a temp. of 500°C. The relative performance of the oxide cathodes is discussed, along with the relative limitations of these materials.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide **MnO<sub>2</sub>**, uses

12589-48-9, Barium nickel oxide **BaNiO<sub>2</sub>** 183858-80-2

, Barium nickel oxide (BaNi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>)

(mixed transition-metal oxides for use as cathodes in thermal batteries)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 12589-48-9 HCA

CN Barium nickel oxide (BaNiO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component
		Registry Number
O	2	17778-80-2
Ba	1	7440-39-3
Ni	1	7440-02-0

RN 183858-80-2 HCA

CN Barium nickel oxide (BaNi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component
		Registry Number
O	5	17778-80-2
Ba	1	7440-39-3
Ni	2	7440-02-0

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

ST transition metal oxide cathode thermal battery

IT Transition metal oxides

(mixed transition-metal oxides for use as cathodes in thermal batteries)

IT Cathodes

(battery, mixed transition-metal oxides for use as cathodes in thermal batteries)

IT 1314-62-1, Vanadium oxide (V2O5), uses

(contg. molybdenum; mixed transition-metal oxides for use as cathodes in thermal batteries)

IT 1308-04-9, Cobalt oxide (Co2O3) 1308-06-1, Cobalt oxide (Co3O4)

1309-60-0, Lead oxide 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide

**mno2**, uses 1313-27-5, Molybdenum trioxide, uses

1313-96-8, Niobium oxide 1313-99-1, Nickel oxide, uses

1317-34-6, Manganese oxide mn2o3 1335-25-7, Lead oxide

7789-82-4, Calcium molybdenum oxide camoo4 7790-75-2, Calcium

Tungsten oxide cawo4 10101-58-3, Cobalt Tungsten oxide cowo4

10381-36-9, Nickel phosphate 12013-87-5, Calcium chromium chloride

oxide (Ca5Cr3ClO12) 12016-69-2, Chromium cobalt oxide cocr2o4

12017-01-5, Cobalt titanium oxide cotio3

12018-01-8, Chromium oxide 12018-18-7, Nickel Chromium oxide

nicr2o4 12018-19-8, Zinc Chromium oxide zncr2o4 12018-79-0,

Copper iron oxide cufe2o4 12019-08-8, Copper titanium

oxide cutio3 12022-71-8, Iron titanium

oxide fetio3 12023-70-0, Iron lithium oxide fe5lio8

12031-65-1, Lithium Nickel oxide linio2 12032-74-5, Manganese

titanium oxide mntio3 12034-59-2, Niobium oxide

nbo2 12035-39-1, Nickel titanium oxide nitio3

12036-21-4, Vanadium oxide vo2 12036-22-5, Tungsten dioxide

12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide limn2o4 12137-09-6, Nickel

oxide ni3o4 12164-05-5, Nickel sodium oxide nanio2 12190-79-3,

Cobalt lithium oxide colio2 12423-04-0, Lithium vanadium oxide

liv3o8 12589-48-9, Barium nickel oxide banio2 13455-25-9

13568-36-0, Lithium nickel vanadium oxide linivo4 13568-40-6,

Lithium molybdenum oxide li2moo4 13568-45-1, Lithium Tungsten

oxide li2wo4 13587-35-4, Copper Tungsten oxide cuwo4 13597-56-3,

Tungsten zinc oxide (WZnO4) 13767-32-3, Zinc molybdenum oxide

znmoo4 13767-34-5, Copper molybdenum oxide cumoo4 14100-64-2,

Calcium vanadium oxide cav2o6 14177-46-9, Manganese Tungsten oxide

mnwo4 14177-51-6, Nickel Tungsten oxide niwo4 14958-34-0, Copper

vanadium oxide cuv2o6 15060-59-0, Lithium Vanadium oxide livo3

15593-56-3, Lithium Vanadium oxide li3vo4 18282-10-5, Tin dioxide

18868-43-4, Molybdenum dioxide 20619-24-3, Nickel vanadium oxide

ni3v2o8 27774-13-6 37216-69-6, Cobalt Sodium oxide conao2

40573-22-6, Nickel vanadium oxide ni2v2o7 58398-67-7, Potassium

vanadium oxide (K5V5O13) 95210-51-8, Lithium Tungsten oxide liwo3

127575-11-5, Lithium manganese oxide  $Li_2Mn_4O_9$  144973-42-2, Lithium manganese Nickel oxide  $LiMn_0.3Ni_0.7O_2$  149852-75-5, Chromium lithium manganese oxide  $Cr_0.4LiMn_1.6O_4$  183858-77-7, Copper molybdenum vanadium oxide ( $CuMoVO_6$ ) 183858-78-8, Copper molybdenum vanadium oxide ( $CuMo_0.3V_1.7O_6$ ) 183858-79-9, Copper molybdenum vanadium oxide ( $CuMo_0.6V_1.4O_6$ ) 183858-80-2, Barium nickel oxide ( $BaNi_2O_5$ ) 183858-82-4, Chromium nickel zirconium oxide 183858-83-5, Lithium manganese vanadium oxide ( $LiMnVO_3.5$ ) 183858-84-6, Lithium manganese vanadium oxide ( $LiMn_1.5V_0.5O_3.75$ ) 183858-85-7, Lithium manganese vanadium oxide ( $LiMn_1.75V_0.25O_3.88$ ) (mixed transition-metal oxides for use as cathodes in thermal batteries)

L34 ANSWER 13 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 117:254874 HCA Full-text

TI Photochargeable secondary batteries

IN Akuto, Takaharu; Hasuda, Yoshiaki; Ishizawa, Maki; Horie, Toshio

PA Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Corp., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI JP 04171681	A	19920618	JP 1990-300268	
			199011	
			06	

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JP 3025798 B2 20000327  
PRAI JP 1990-300268 19901106 <--

AB The batteries have a cathode and an anode immersed in an electrolyte and sep'd. from each other, an n-type semiconductor photoelectrode, having 1 side in contact with the electrolyte, elec. connected to the anode and insulated from the cathode, and/or a p-type semiconductor photoelectrode, having 1 side in contact with the electrolyte, elec. connected to the cathode and insulated from the anode.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide ( $MnO_2$ ), uses

12047-27-7, Barium titanium oxide

( $BaTiO_3$ ), uses 13463-67-7, Titanium

oxide ( $TiO_2$ ), uses

(photochargeable secondary batteries)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide ( $MnO_2$ ) (CA INDEX NAME)

O == Mn == O

RN 12047-27-7 HCA

CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO<sub>3</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

RN 13463-67-7 HCA

CN Titanium oxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

O == Ti == O

IC ICM H01M014-00

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST photochargeable secondary **battery**

IT Semiconductor materials

(electrodes, for photochargeable secondary **batteries**)

IT **Batteries**, secondary

(photochargeable, semiconductor photoelectrodes for)

IT Electrodes

(photoelectrochem., semiconductor, for photochargeable  
**batteries**)

IT 409-21-2, Silicon carbide (SiC), uses 1302-09-6, Silver selenide

(Ag<sub>2</sub>Se) 1303-11-3, Indium arsenide (InAs), uses 1306-23-6,

Cadmium sulfide (CdS), uses 1306-24-7, Cadmium selenide (CdSe),

uses 1308-38-9, Chromium oxide (Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>), uses 1313-13-9,

Manganese oxide (**MnO<sub>2</sub>**), uses 1313-27-5, Molybdenum oxide

(MoO<sub>3</sub>), uses 1313-96-8, Niobium oxide (Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>) 1314-13-2, Zinc

oxide (ZnO), uses 1314-20-1, Thorium oxide (ThO<sub>2</sub>), uses

1314-35-8, Tungsten oxide (WO<sub>3</sub>), uses 1314-61-0, Tantalum oxide

(Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>) 1314-62-1, Vanadium oxide (V<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>), uses 1314-98-3, Zinc

sulfide (ZnS), uses 1315-11-3, Zinc telluride (ZnTe) 1327-50-0,

Antimony telluride (Sb<sub>2</sub>Te<sub>3</sub>) 1345-07-9, Bismuth sulfide (Bi<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>)

7758-97-6 12002-99-2, Silver telluride (Ag<sub>2</sub>Te) **12047-27-7**

, Barium **titanium oxide** (BaTiO<sub>3</sub>), uses

12064-03-8 12068-69-8, Bismuth selenide (Bi<sub>2</sub>Se<sub>3</sub>) 12068-85-8,

Iron sulfide (FeS<sub>2</sub>) **13463-67-7**, **Titanium**

**oxide** (TiO<sub>2</sub>), uses 18282-10-5, Tin oxide (SnO<sub>2</sub>)

20033-08-3, Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>3</sub>) 20601-83-6, Mercury selenide

(HgSe) 21548-73-2, Silver sulfide (Ag<sub>2</sub>S) 22398-80-7, Indium

phosphide (InP), uses 22831-42-1, Aluminum arsenide (AlAs)

25152-52-7 139284-70-1, Lithium tungsten oxide (Li<sub>0.1</sub>WO<sub>3</sub>)

144769-06-2, Lead oxide (PbO<sub>0.2</sub>) 144769-07-3, Potassium tungsten

oxide (K<sub>0.1</sub>WO<sub>3</sub>) 144769-08-4, Sodium tungsten oxide (Na<sub>0.1</sub>WO<sub>3</sub>)

(photochargeable secondary **batteries**)

IT 81-31-2, Violanthrene 81-77-6 92-24-0, Tetracene 116-71-2,

Violanthrone 120-12-7, Anthracene, uses 128-64-3,  
Isoviolanthrone 128-70-1, Pyranthrone 129-00-0, Pyrene, uses  
135-48-8, Pentacene 147-14-8, Copper phthalocyanine 190-26-1,  
Ovalene 191-07-1, Coronene 191-13-9, Pyranthrene 191-26-4,  
Anthanthrene 198-55-0, Perylene 475-71-8, Flavanthrone  
574-93-6, Phthalocyanine 641-13-4, Anthanthrone 1303-00-0,  
Gallium arsenide (GaAs), uses 1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide (Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>),  
uses 1307-96-6, Cobalt oxide (CoO), uses 1313-99-1, Nickel oxide  
(NiO), uses 1314-95-0, Tin sulfide (SnS) 1317-37-9, Iron sulfide  
(FeS) 4430-29-9, Isoviolanthrene 7440-21-3, Silicon, uses  
7440-56-4, Germanium, uses 7681-65-4, Copper iodide (CuI)  
7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 7782-49-2, Selenium, uses 12036-32-7,  
Praseodymium oxide (Pr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 12063-98-8, Gallium phosphide (GaP),  
uses 18868-43-4, Molybdenum oxide (MoO<sub>2</sub>) 20667-12-3, Silver  
oxide (Ag<sub>2</sub>O) 25067-58-7, Polyacetylene 25190-62-9,  
Poly-p-phenylene 25233-30-1, Polyaniline 25233-34-5,  
Polythiophene 30604-81-0, Polypyrrole 110640-13-6, Lead titanium  
zirconium oxide (PbTi<sub>0.7</sub>Zr<sub>0.3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) 144470-21-3, Cyananthrone  
144470-44-0, Indanthrone black  
(photoelectrode, in photochargeable secondary batteries  
)

L34 ANSWER 14 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 106:74847 HCA Full-text

TI Preparation and electrochemical behavior of doped manganese dioxide

AU Bauer, Juergen; Buss, Dieter H.; Glemser, Oskar

CS Inst. Anorg. Chem., Univ. Goettingen, Goettingen, D-3400, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SO Berichte der Bunsen-Gesellschaft (1986), 90(12), 1220-3

CODEN: BBPCAX; ISSN: 0005-9021

DT Journal

LA English

AB Doped Mn dioxides were prep'd. by homogeneous hydrolysis and oxidn. of manganese(III)-compds. Three sets of conditions were used: (a) oxidn. and hydrolysis in acid medium, (b) oxidn. and hydrolysis in basic medium, (c) oxidn. in acid and hydrolysis in basic medium. Doping elements were Mg, Ca, Sr, Ba, Al, Fe, Zn. All ppts. were essentially amorphous. The discharge capacity of products from (a) varied between 44 and 48 mAh/g except for the Al-doped product, which, as the no. of cycles increases, displays a continuous improvement of capacity up to 65 mAh/g, producing a hard discharge curve. Products from condition are remarkable with respect to both discharge capacity and cycle stability; the product doped with Ba had 91 mAh/g discharge capacity and this value remained const. for 320 cycles.

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses and miscellaneous

(doping by, of manganese dioxide, discharge capacity in relation to)

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

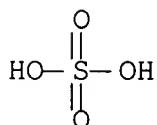
Zn

IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate (**BaSO<sub>4</sub>**)

(in doping of manganese dioxide, discharge capacity in relation to)

RN 7727-43-7 HCA

CN Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



● Ba

IT 1313-13-9P, Manganese dioxide, preparation

(prepn. and electrochem. behavior of doped, hydrolysis and oxidn. of manganese(III) compds. in)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 72-2 (Electrochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 52, 78

IT Cathodes

(battery, manganese dioxide contg. metal dopants, discharge capacity in relation to)

IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses and miscellaneous 7439-89-6, Iron, uses and miscellaneous 7439-95-4, Magnesium, uses and miscellaneous

7440-02-0, Nickel, uses and miscellaneous 7440-24-6, Strontium, uses and miscellaneous

7440-39-3, Barium, uses and miscellaneous

7440-66-6, Zinc, uses and miscellaneous 7440-70-2,

Calcium, uses and miscellaneous

(doping by, of manganese dioxide, discharge capacity in relation to)

IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate (**BaSO<sub>4</sub>**)

(in doping of manganese dioxide, discharge capacity in relation to)

IT 1313-13-9P, Manganese dioxide, preparation  
(prepn. and electrochem. behavior of doped, hydrolysis and oxidn. of manganese(III) compds. in)

L34 ANSWER 15 OF 15 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 71:9121 HCA Full-text

TI Electrolytic production of 99.99% pure zinc

IN Wozniczko, Wladzimierz; Kubas, Jan; Jeliczko, Zbigniew; Laczek, Tadeusz; Lis, Wladyslaw; Ficek, Pawel; Grabowski, Zbigniew; Syryczynski, Zygmunt

PA Zaklady Gorniczo-Hutnicze"Boleslaw" Przedsiębiorstwo Państwowe

SO Pol., 5 pp.

CODEN: POXXA7

DT Patent

LA Polish

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI PL 54773	19680320	PL	196605	27
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AB Calcined ZnO and zinc blende are treated with H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (esp. with the electrolyte contg. .apprx.110 g. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>/1., recycled from the **electrolytic cells**) at 70°, sediments in the resulting mixt. allowed to settle out, and the ZnSO<sub>4</sub> soln. filtered off. To remove impurities of the Fe group from this soln., it is mixed with an addnl. amt. of the calcined ZnO or zinc blende and then with **MnO<sub>2</sub>** or pyrolusite to oxidize Fe<sup>2+</sup> and other impurities. After removing the suspension (sedimentation and filtration), the ZnSO<sub>4</sub> soln. is continuously mixed with Zn-Cd slime from filters (the final stage of purification from Cd and Cu), the mixt. filtered, and the filtrate treated with Zn dust suspended in water. The ZnSO<sub>4</sub> soln. is again sepd. by filtration, the remaining impurities Fe<sup>2+</sup>, Ni<sup>2+</sup>, As<sup>3+</sup>, Sb<sup>3+</sup>, and Sn<sup>2+</sup> oxidized with KMnO<sub>4</sub>, pptd. at .apprx.32°, and sepd. in crystallizers, and the purified soln. (contg. Cd, Fe, Cu, Ni, Pb, As, Sb, and Cl in the amt.  $\leq$ 0.0004, 0.0003, 0.0001, 0.002, 0.0005, 0.0005, 0.0005, and 0.0050 g./l., resp., Co 0.006-0.008 g./l., Mn 1-18 g./l., and traces of Ge.) fed to the **electrolytic cells**. Electrolysis is at the  $\leq$ 38°, the c.d. .apprx.400-420 amp./m.2, voltage 3.3-3.6 v., and distance between the anode and cathode  $\leq$ 38 mm. To the electrolytic bath a mixt. of ground **BaCO<sub>3</sub>** and **SrCO<sub>3</sub>** is added in the amt. .apprx.2 kg./ton of the cathode Zn. Anodes are made of Pb-Ag alloy (1% Ag, max. 0.01% impurities), pickled in concd. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> at 80°, then oxidized at the surface (Pb to PbO<sub>2</sub>) with KMnO<sub>4</sub> during 48 hrs. (the 1st 24 hrs. at .apprx.400 amp./m.2 and 3.6 v.) and covered with **MnO<sub>2</sub>** slime. The passivation is repeated every month.

IT 7440-66-6P, preparation  
(electrochem.)

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IC C22D  
CC 77 (Electrochemistry)  
IT 7440-66-6P, preparation  
(electrochem.)

=> D L35 1-14 BIB ABS HITSTR HITIND

L35 ANSWER 1 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 144:54466 HCA Full-text

TI Primary alkaline **battery**

IN Koji, Yasuhiko; Adachi, Koji

PA Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI	JP 2005353447	A	20051222	JP 2004-173657
				200406
				11

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PRAI JP 2004-173657 20040611 <--

AB The battery has a cathode mixt. comprising a MnO<sub>2</sub> -contg. active mass and a gel-like anode comprising a Zn-contg. anode; where the cathode mixt. and/or the anode contains a sulfite salt.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-66-6,

Zinc, uses

(electrodes contg. sulfite salts for primary alk.  
batteries)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

O == Mn == O

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

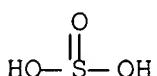
CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IT 7787-39-5, Barium sulfite  
(electrodes contg. sulfite salts for primary alk.  
**batteries**)

RN 7787-39-5 HCA

CN Sulfurous acid, barium salt (1:1) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● Ba

IC ICM H01M004-62

ICS H01M004-06; H01M006-06

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST primary alk battery electrode additive sulfite salt

IT Battery electrodes

Primary batteries

(electrodes contg. sulfite salts for primary alk.  
**batteries**)

IT 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, uses 1313-13-9, Manganese  
dioxide, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(electrodes contg. sulfite salts for primary alk.  
**batteries**)

IT 7757-83-7, Sodium sulfite 7787-39-5, Barium sulfite

10117-38-1, Potassium sulfite 13453-87-7

(electrodes contg. sulfite salts for primary alk.  
**batteries**)

IT 9003-04-7, Sodium polyacrylate

(electrodes contg. sulfite salts for primary alk.  
**batteries**)

L35 ANSWER 2 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 140:377851 HCA Full-text

TI Study on alkaline Zn-super-iron(VI) battery

AU Sun, Yan-zhi; Pan, Jun-qing; Wan, Ping-yu; Liu, Xiao-guang

CS Faculty of Science, Beijing University of Chemical Technology,

Beijing, 100029, Peop. Rep. China  
 SO Dianyuan Jishu (2003), 27(6), 518-521  
 CODEN: DIJIFT; ISSN: 1002-087X  
 PB Dianyuan Jishu Bianjibu  
 DT Journal  
 LA Chinese  
 AB A new type of alk. battery with a super-Fe (K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub> or BaFeO<sub>4</sub>) cathode and Zn anode was developed. The electrochem. properties of Zn-super-Fe(VI) batteries were studied by testing their discharge capacity at different loads and temps. The discharge capacity of Zn-BaFeO<sub>4</sub> and Zn-K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub> in AA and AAA cell configuration increased 56 .apprx. 116% compared to that of conventional alk. Zn-MnO<sub>2</sub> battery during low, medium, and high const. load discharging. Discharge time of Zn-super-Fe(VI) in AA cell configuration is 95% longer than that of std. Zn-MnO<sub>2</sub> battery for high const. load discharging. The cycle life of a Zn-super-Fe(VI) battery is >150 times at 35% depth of discharge.  
 IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses  
 (anode; alk. Zn-super-iron(VI)  
 batteries)  
 RN 7440-66-6 HCA  
 CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IT 13773-23-4, Barium iron oxide (BaFeO<sub>4</sub>)  
 (cathode; alk. Zn-super-iron(VI) batteries)  
 RN 13773-23-4 HCA  
 CN Barium iron oxide (BaFeO<sub>4</sub>) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component
		Registry Number
<hr/>		
O	4	17778-80-2
Ba	1	7440-39-3
Fe	1	7439-89-6

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST alk super iron battery zinc anode

ferrate cathode

IT Battery cathodes

Secondary batteries

(alk. Zn-super-iron(VI) batteries)

IT 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses

(anode; alk. Zn-super-iron(VI)  
 batteries)

IT 13718-66-6, Iron potassium oxide (FeK<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>) 13773-23-4,

Barium iron oxide (BaFeO<sub>4</sub>)  
(cathode; alk. Zn-super-iron(VI) batteries)

L35 ANSWER 3 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 136:250321 HCA Full-text

TI Alkaline zinc primary battery with hydrogen absorbing  
material cathode

IN Davis, Stuart M.; Wang, Enoch

PA The Gillette Company, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 13 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI WO 2002025760	A2	20020328	WO 2001-US27430	
		200109		
		05		

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WO 2002025760 A3 20030912

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH,  
CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD,  
GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,  
LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ,  
NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM,  
TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,  
KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR,  
GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,  
CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 6489056	B1	20021203	US 2000-664068	
		200009		
		18		

<--

AU 2001087064	A5	20020402	AU 2001-87064	
		200109		
		05		

<--

EP 1358688	A2	20031105	EP 2001-966561	
		200109		
		05		

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R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,  
PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR

JP 2004509445      T 20040325      JP 2002-528865  
200109  
05

    <--  
US 2003049520      A1 20030313      US 2002-277354  
200210  
22

    <--

PRAI US 2000-664068      A1 20000918 <--  
WO 2001-US27430      W 20010905 <--

AB An alk. **battery** has a cathode including a hydrogen absorbing material and an **anode** including zinc free of lead, mercury, or cadmium. The H-absorbing cathode material includes a Ni oxyhydroxide, a Cu oxide, a Ba permanganate, a chem. produced **MnO<sub>2</sub>**, a silver oxide, or a Ag permanganate.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 7440-66-6,  
Zinc, uses 7787-36-2, Barium permanganate  
(alk. zinc primary **battery** with hydrogen absorbing  
material cathode)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



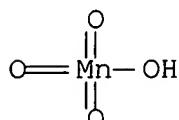
RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

RN 7787-36-2 HCA

CN Permanganic acid (HMnO<sub>4</sub>), barium salt (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● 1/2 Ba

IC ICM H01M006-06

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST zinc battery hydrogen absorbing material cathode

IT Absorption

Primary batteries

(alk. zinc primary battery with hydrogen absorbing material cathode)

IT Battery cathodes

(hydrogen-absorbing; alk. zinc primary battery with hydrogen absorbing material cathode)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 1317-38-0, Copper oxide

cuo, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 7783-98-4, Silver

permanganate 7787-36-2, Barium permanganate 12026-04-9,

Nickel hydroxide oxide niooh 20667-12-3, Silver oxide

(alk. zinc primary battery with hydrogen absorbing material cathode)

IT 7440-69-9, Bismuth, uses 7440-74-6, Indium, uses

(alk. zinc primary battery with hydrogen absorbing material cathode)

IT 1333-74-0, Hydrogen, uses

(alk. zinc primary battery with hydrogen absorbing material cathode)

L35 ANSWER 4 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 136:186557 HCA Full-text

TI Hydroxide activated AgMnO<sub>4</sub> alkaline cathodes, alone and in combination with Fe(VI) super-iron, BaFeO<sub>4</sub>

AU Licht, Stuart; Ghosh, Susanta; Naschitz, Vera

CS Department of Chemistry and Institute of Catalysis, Technion Israel Institute Of Technology, Haifa, 32000, Israel

SO Electrochemical and Solid-State Letters (2001), 4(12), A209-A212

CODEN: ESLEF6; ISSN: 1099-0062

PB Electrochemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB In principle, silver permanganate, AgMnO<sub>4</sub>, represents a substantial cathodic charge source for electrochem. storage, but exhibits poor charge transfer. This study presents a novel hydroxide activation of AgMnO<sub>4</sub>, as well as an active composite cathode of Fe(VI) (super iron) and AgMnO<sub>4</sub>. The Fe(VI) composite cathode contains BaFeO<sub>4</sub>, AgMnO<sub>4</sub>, and KOH. Evidence relates the hydroxide activation to a reaction intermediate, K<sub>2</sub>MnO<sub>4</sub>/AgO, which preserves the intrinsic AgMnO<sub>4</sub> high charge capacity. Also presented is the high discharge energies resulting from these cathodic phenomena in alk. primary batteries. Cathodes included either AgMnO<sub>4</sub> alone, 67% AgMnO<sub>4</sub> with 33% KOH, or a composite of 39% AgMnO<sub>4</sub>, 12% KOH, and 49% BaFeO<sub>4</sub> (barium super iron). Probed with a conventional alk. zinc anode in a AAA cylindrical configuration, AgMnO<sub>4</sub> alone discharged to 0.8 Wh at 75 Ω, a value low compared to a conventional alk. MnO<sub>2</sub> discharge of 1.5 Wh.

The KOH or Fe(VI) activated cathode cells each discharge to 2.0 W; yielding a 2.5-fold increase in discharge capacity compared to the simple AgMnO<sub>4</sub> cathode.

IT 13773-23-4, Barium iron oxide BaFeO<sub>4</sub>  
(hydroxide activated AgMnO<sub>4</sub> alk. cathodes, alone and in combination with Fe(VI) super-iron, BaFeO<sub>4</sub>)

RN 13773-23-4 HCA  
CN Barium iron oxide (BaFeO<sub>4</sub>) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component Registry Number
O	4	17778-80-2
Ba	1	7440-39-3
Fe	1	7439-89-6

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST battery cathode silver permanganate potassium hydroxide  
barium iron oxide

## IT Battery cathodes

(hydroxide activated AgMnO<sub>4</sub> alk. cathodes, alone and in combination with Fe(VI) super-iron, BaFeO<sub>4</sub>)

IT 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, processes 7783-98-4, Silver permanganate 13773-23-4, Barium iron oxide BaFeO<sub>4</sub>

14127-55-0, Iron 6+, processes  
(hydroxide activated  $\text{AgMnO}_4$  alk. cathodes, alone and in combination with  $\text{Fe(VI)}$  super-iron,  $\text{BaFeO}_4$ )

RE.CNT 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L35 ANSWER 5 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 126:34350 HCA Full-text

## TI Alkaline battery having cathode containing titanate additive

IN Swierbut, Wendi M.; Nardi, John C.

PA Eveready Battery Company, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 5 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

## LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.      KIND DATE      APPLICATION NO.      DATE

PI US 5569564 A 19961029 US 1995-479591  
199506  
07

CA 2178422      A1 19961208    CA 1996-2178422  
     199606  
     06  
     <--  
 JP 09139201      A 19970527    JP 1996-143931  
     199606  
     06  
     <--  
 EP 747980      A1 19961211    EP 1996-304260  
     199606  
     07  
     <--  
 EP 747980      B1 19990811  
   R: BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE  
 CN 1146640      A 19970402    CN 1996-110352  
     199606  
     07  
     <--  
 SG 72693      A1 20000523    SG 1996-10011  
     199606  
     07  
     <--  
 TW 409437      B 20001021    TW 1996-85109450  
     199608  
     05  
     <--  
 HK 1007407      A1 20000929    HK 1998-106310  
     199806  
     24  
     <--  
 PRAI US 1995-479591    A 19950607 <--  
 AB    A **battery** cathode includes a **MnO<sub>2</sub>** active material and a titanate additive, which includes BaTiO<sub>3</sub> and/or K<sub>2</sub>TiO<sub>3</sub>. This cathode is esp. adapted for use in a **battery** having a **Zn anode** and an alk. electrolyte.  
 IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide (**MnO<sub>2</sub>**), uses  
   (cathode of alk. **batteries** contg. barium titanate and/or potassium titanate additive)  
 RN 1313-13-9 HCA  
 CN Manganese oxide (**MnO<sub>2</sub>**) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 12047-27-7, Barium titanate (BaTiO<sub>3</sub>), uses

(manganese dioxide cathode of alk. **batteries** contg.  
additive of)

RN 12047-27-7 HCA

CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO<sub>3</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

IC ICM H01M004-50

INCL 424224000

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST **battery** cathode manganese dioxide titanate additive;  
barium titanate additive manganese dioxide cathode; potassium  
titanate additive manganese dioxide cathode

IT **Battery** cathodes

(manganese dioxide contg. barium titanate and/or potassium  
titanate additive)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>), uses  
(cathode of alk. **batteries** contg. barium titanate  
and/or potassium titanate additive)

IT 12030-97-6, Potassium titanate (K<sub>2</sub>TiO<sub>3</sub>) 12047-27-7, Barium  
titanate (BaTiO<sub>3</sub>), uses  
(manganese dioxide cathode of alk. **batteries** contg.  
additive of)

L35 ANSWER 6 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 125:91382 HCA Full-text

TI Additives for alkaline **batteries** having manganese dioxide  
cathodes

IN Davis, Stuart M.; Haines, Christopher P.; Leef, Alexander A.; Moses,  
Peter R.

PA Duracell Inc., USA

SO U.S., 4 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI US 5532085 A 19960702 US 1995-518120  
199508  
22

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IL 117166 A 20000726 IL 1996-117166  
199602  
18

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ZA 9601298 A 19960827 ZA 1996-1298

199602  
19

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CA 2229564 A1 19970306 CA 1996-2229564  
199603  
29

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WO 9708770 A1 19970306 WO 1996-US4268  
199603  
29

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W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK,  
EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR,  
LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO,  
RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, AM,  
AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB,  
GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,  
GN, ML

AU 9654343 A 19970319 AU 1996-54343  
199603  
29

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EP 852821 A1 19980715 EP 1996-911460  
199603  
29

<--

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT,  
IE, FI

BR 9610196 A 19980811 BR 1996-10196  
199802  
19

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PRAI US 1995-518120 A 19950822 <--  
WO 1996-US4268 W 19960329 <--

AB The invention relates to alk. **batteries** contg. manganese dioxide cathode active material. A substance selected from CaWO<sub>4</sub>, MgTiO<sub>3</sub>, BaTiO<sub>3</sub>, CaTiO<sub>3</sub>, ZnMn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>, and Bi<sub>12</sub>TiO<sub>20</sub> is added to the cathode of conventional alk. cells typically having an **anode** comprising **zinc** and cathode comprising manganese dioxide and an alk. electrolyte. The additive increases the service life of the cell.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses  
(additives for manganese dioxide cathodes in alk.  
**batteries**)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 12047-27-7, Barium titanate (BaTiO<sub>3</sub>), uses  
(additives for manganese dioxide cathodes in alk.  
**batteries**)

RN 12047-27-7 HCA

CN Barium titanium oxide (BaTiO<sub>3</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

IC ICM H01M004-50

    ICS H01M004-42

INCL 429224000

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST **battery** manganese dioxide cathode additive; calcium  
tungstate additive manganese dioxide cathode; magnesium titanate  
additive manganese dioxide cathode; barium titanate additive  
manganese dioxide cathode; calcium titanate additive manganese  
dioxide cathode; zinc manganate additive manganese dioxide cathode

IT Cathodes

    (**battery**, additives for manganese dioxide cathodes in  
alk. **batteries**)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses  
(additives for manganese dioxide cathodes in alk.  
**batteries**)

IT 7790-75-2, Calcium tungstate (CaWO<sub>4</sub>) 12032-30-3, Magnesium  
titanate (MgTiO<sub>3</sub>) 12032-94-9, Zinc manganate (ZnMn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>)

12047-27-7, Barium titanate (BaTiO<sub>3</sub>), uses 12049-50-2,  
Calcium titanate (CaTiO<sub>3</sub>) 12441-73-5, Bismuth titanate (Bi<sub>12</sub>TiO<sub>20</sub>)  
(additives for manganese dioxide cathodes in alk.  
**batteries**)

L35 ANSWER 7 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 124:237217 HCA Full-text

TI Manufacture of nonaqueous electrolyte **batteries** with in  
situ alloyed anodes

IN Sato, Hiromi; Sadakuni, Sakae; Ooo, Fumio

PA Matsushita Electric Ind Co Ltd, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.      KIND   DATE      APPLICATION NO.      DATE

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PI JP 07335260      A      19951222      JP 1994-127746

199406  
09

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JP 3111807 B2 20001127  
PRAI JP 1994-127746 19940609 <--

AB Li batteries using **MnO<sub>2</sub>** cathodes contg. 0.01-10 wt.% Al, In, Sn, Pb, Bi, Ga, Sr, Si, Zn, Cd, Ca, and/or Ba are prep'd. by discharging 0.5-8.0% of the **battery** capacity and charging 0.1-2.0% of the capacity after assembling. The metal additives in the cathode form alloy with the Li anode during charge and discharge and render the **batteries** high discharge voltage.

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses  
(manganese dioxide cathodes contg. metal additives for in situ  
alloying of lithium anodes in **batteries**)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)

O—Mn—O

IT 7440-39-3, Barium, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses  
(manganese dioxide cathodes contg. metal additives for in situ  
alloying of lithium anodes in **batteries**)

RN 7440-39-3 HCA

CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba

RN 7440-66-6 HCA  
CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

IC ICM H01M010-40  
ICS H01M010-44  
CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 56

ST **battery** lithium anode in situ alloying; manganese dioxide  
cathode lithium alloying metal

IT Anodes  
(**battery**, manuf. of lithium alloy anodes by in situ

alloying of lithium with metal additives in cathodes in batteries)

IT Lithium alloy, base  
(manuf. of lithium alloy anodes by in situ alloying of lithium with metal additives in cathodes in batteries)

IT 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses  
(manganese dioxide cathodes contg. metal additives for in situ alloying of lithium anodes in batteries)

IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7439-92-1, Lead, uses 7440-21-3, Silicon, uses 7440-24-6, Strontium, uses 7440-31-5, Tin, uses 7440-39-3, Barium, uses 7440-43-9, Cadmium, uses 7440-55-3, Gallium, uses 7440-66-6, Zinc, uses 7440-69-9, Bismuth, uses 7440-70-2, Calcium, uses 7440-74-6, Indium, uses  
(manganese dioxide cathodes contg. metal additives for in situ alloying of lithium anodes in batteries)

IT 7439-93-2, Lithium, uses  
(manuf. of lithium alloy anodes by in situ alloying of lithium with metal additives in cathodes in batteries)

L35 ANSWER 8 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 111:81314 HCA Full-text

TI Development of corrosion resistant zinc alloys for alkaline manganese dioxide batteries

AU Miura, Akira; Takata, Kanji; Okazaki, Ryoji; Ogawa, Hiromichi; Uemura, Toyohide; Nakamura, Yoshinobu; Kasahara, Nobuyoshi

CS Tech. Lab., Matsushita Battery Ind. Co., Moriguchi, 570, Japan

SO Denki Kagaku oyobi Kogyo Butsuri Kagaku (1989), 57(6),

459-64

CODEN: DKOKAZ; ISSN: 0366-9297

DT Journal

LA Japanese

AB About 200 Zn alloys, prep'd. by combining 2 or 3 elements chosen from 15 additives, were used to evaluate H evolution from their powders in KOH electrolyte with regard to application as corrosion-resistant alloys in alk. **MnO<sub>2</sub>** dry batteries. The H evolution rate of a Zn base alloy at an amalgamation amt. of 1% Hg and contg. In 0.02, Pb 0.05, and Al 0.05% is the same as that of a Zn amalgam contg. 9% Hg. The effect of additive elements was elucidated in view of the high H overvoltage of the additive and the retardation of Hg diffusion into the Zn matrix.

IT 7440-39-3, Barium, uses and miscellaneous  
(zinc amalgam contg., hydrogen evolution from, for alk. manganese dioxide battery anodes)

RN 7440-39-3 HCA

CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 56

ST **battery corrosion resistant zinc anode**

; **mercury zinc amalgam anode battery**;  
**indium additive zinc amalgam anode**; **lead additive zinc amalgam anode**; **aluminum additive zinc amalgam anode**

IT **Anodes**

(**battery, zinc amalgam, contg. metal additives**, for alk. manganese dioxide **batteries**)

IT 39305-93-6

(anodes, contg. metal additives, for alk. manganese dioxide **batteries**)

IT 1333-74-0P, Hydrogen, uses and miscellaneous

(evolution of, from zinc amalgam contg. metal additives, in potassium hydroxide electrolytes, for manganese dioxide **battery anodes**)

IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses and miscellaneous 7439-92-1, Lead, uses and miscellaneous 7439-95-4, Magnesium, uses and miscellaneous

7440-02-0, Nickel, uses and miscellaneous 7440-22-4, Silver, uses and miscellaneous 7440-24-6, Strontium, uses and miscellaneous

7440-28-0, Thallium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-39-3,

Barium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-43-9, Cadmium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-55-3, Gallium, uses and miscellaneous

7440-69-9, Bismuth, uses and miscellaneous 7440-70-2, Calcium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-74-6, Indium, uses and miscellaneous

(zinc amalgam contg., hydrogen evolution from, for alk. manganese dioxide **battery anodes**)

L35 ANSWER 9 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 107:220567 HCA Full-text

TI Zinc alkaline batteries

IN Kasahara, Nobuyori; Uemura, Toyohide; Kagawa, Keiichi; Okazaki, Ryoji; Takada, Kanji; Miura, Akira

PA Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd., Japan; Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.      KIND    DATE      APPLICATION NO.      DATE

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PI JP 62176050 A 19870801 JP 1986-15764  
198601  
29

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JP 06028158 B 19940413  
PRAI JP 1986-15764 19860129 <--

AB The anode active material of the title batteries is made of Zn alloys contg. In 0.005-0.5, Ba and/or Be 0.005-0.5, and Co and/or Ga 0.005-0.5%. Thus, a Zn-base alloy contg. 0.05% each of In, Ba and Co was pulverized in Ar stream, amalgamated to contain 1% Hg, and immersed in 40% KOH satd. with ZnO at 45° for 50 days. The amt. of evolved H was 0.04 mL/g, vs. 0.08 mL/g for Zn-5% Hg alloy.

When discharged continuously at 20° through a 4-Ω load to 0.9-V cutoff, an alk. Zn-MnO<sub>2</sub> battery using this alloy had a discharge time of 110% of that of a battery using a Zn-5% Hg alloy anode.

IT 111312-93-7 111312-94-8 111312-97-1

(anodes, for alk. batteries, for hydrogen evolution suppression,)

RN 111312-93-7 HCA

CN Zinc alloy, base, Zn 98-99,Hg 1,Ba 0-0.5,Be 0-0.5,Co 0-0.5,Ga 0-0.5,In 0-0.5 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Component	Component
Percent	Registry Number	

Zn	98 - 99	7440-66-6
Hg	1	7439-97-6
Ba	0 - 0.5	7440-39-3
Be	0 - 0.5	7440-41-7
Co	0 - 0.5	7440-48-4
Ga	0 - 0.5	7440-55-3
In	0 - 0.5	7440-74-6

RN 111312-94-8 HCA

CN Zinc alloy, base, Zn 98,Hg 1,Ba 0.5 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Component	Component
Percent	Registry Number	

Zn	98	7440-66-6
Hg	1	7439-97-6
Ba	0.5	7440-39-3

RN 111312-97-1 HCA

CN Zinc alloy, base, Zn 98,Hg 1,In 0.5,Ba 0.2,Be 0.2,Co 0.2,Ga 0.2 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Component	Component
Percent	Registry Number	

Zn	98	7440-66-6
Hg	1	7439-97-6
In	0.5	7440-74-6
Ba	0.2	7440-39-3
Be	0.2	7440-41-7
Co	0.2	7440-48-4
Ga	0.2	7440-55-3

IC ICM H01M004-42

ICA C22C018-00

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 56

ST anode zinc amalgam battery; indium barium zinc amalgam anode; cobalt indium zinc amalgam anode

## IT Anodes

**(battery, zinc alloy amalgam, for hydrogen evolution suppression)**

IT 104275-86-7 111312-93-7 111312-94-8  
111312-95-9 111312-96-0 111312-97-1 111347-52-5  
(anodes, for alk. batteries, for hydrogen evolution  
in  
)

IT 1333-74-0, Hydrogen, uses and miscellaneous  
(suppression of evolution of, in batteries, zinc alloy  
amalgams for)

L35 ANSWER 10 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 107:220565 HCA Full-text

## TI Zinc alkaline batteries

IN Kasahara, Nobuyori; Uemura, Toyohide; Kagawa, Keiji; Okazaki, Ryoji; Takada, Kanji; Miura, Akira

PA Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd., Japan; Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

DT Patient  
LA Japanese

## EPI-japanes

PATENT NO.      KIND      DATE      APPLICATION NO.      DATE

PI IP 62176049 A 19870801 JP 1986-15763

198601

29

PRAI JP 1986-15763 19860129 <--

AB Zn alloys contg. Th 0.005-0.5; Co 0.005-0.5; and Be, Ba, and/or Cd) 0.005-0.5% are used as **anodes** for alk. **Zn batteries**. Thus, a Zn alloy contg. 0.05% each of Tl, Co, and Be was pulverized in Ar stream, amalgamated to contain 1% Hg, and immersed in 40% KOH satd. with ZnO at 45, for 50 days. The amt. of H evolved was 0.06 mL/g, vs 0.08 mL for a Zn-5% Hg alloy. An alk. Zn-MnO<sub>2</sub> battery using an anode of the 1st alloy had a discharge time (at 20° through a 4-Ω load continuously to 0.9-V cutoff) of 110 h vs 100 h for a **battery** using a Zn-5% Hg alloy anode.

IT 111312-94-8 111378-03-1

(anodes, for alk. **batteries**, for hydrogen evolution suppression)

RN 111312-94-8 HCA

CN Zinc alloy, base, Zn 98,Hg 1,Ba 0.5 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Component	Component
Percent	Registry Number	

Zn	98	7440-66-6
Hg	1	7439-97-6
Ba	0.5	7440-39-3

RN 111378-03-1 HCA

CN Zinc alloy, base, Zn 98,Hg 1,Co 0.5,Tl 0.5,Cd 0.3,Ba 0.1,Be 0.1 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Component	Component
Percent	Registry Number	

Zn	98	7440-66-6
Hg	1	7439-97-6
Co	0.5	7440-48-4
Tl	0.5	7440-28-0
Cd	0.3	7440-43-9
Ba	0.1	7440-39-3
Be	0.1	7440-41-7

IC ICM H01M004-42

ICA C22C018-00

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 56

ST **battery anode** zinc alloy amalgam;  
thallium zinc alloy amalgam **anode**; cobalt  
zinc alloy amalgam **anode**; beryllium zinc  
alloy amalgam **anode**; barium zinc alloy amalgam  
**anode**; cadmium zinc alloy amalgam **anode**

IT **Anodes**

(**battery**, zinc alloy amalgam, for hydrogen

evolution suppression)  
IT 39305-93-6 104275-88-9 **111312-94-8** 111312-95-9  
111378-01-9 111378-02-0 **111378-03-1**  
(anodes, for alk. **batteries**, for hydrogen evolution  
suppression)  
IT 1333-74-0, Hydrogen, uses and miscellaneous  
(suppressing of evolution of, in alk. **batteries**, zinc  
alloy amalgams for)

L35 ANSWER 11 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 107:220547 HCA Full-text

## TI Zinc alkaline batteries

IN Kasahara, Nobuyori; Uemura, Toyohide; Kagawa, Keiichi; Okazaki, Ryoji; Takada, Kanji; Miura, Akira

PA Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd., Japan; Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

### E.1 samples

PATENT NO      KIND    DATE      APPLICATION NO      DATE

PATENT NO.      KIND DATE      FILE

PI JP 62123654 A 19870604 JP 1985-262491  
198511  
25

8

JP 03075983 B 19911204

PRAJIP 1985-262491 19851125 <--

AB Zn alloys for use in the title **batteries** contain Pb 0.005-0.5, In 0.001-0.5, Al 0.005-0.5, and a total amt. of 0.0001-0.5% Be, Ca, Sr, and/or Ba. The alloys can be amalgamated. Appropriate amts. of metals were melted at 500°, atomized with 5 kg Ar/cm<sup>2</sup>, and amalgamated in 10% KOH to contain 1.0% Hg. When placed in contact with ZnO-satd. 40% KOH at 45° for 50 days, alloys of the invention generated 0.04-0.07 mL H/g vs. 0.08 mL H/g for Zn-5% Hg alloy. Alk. Zn-MnO<sub>2</sub> **batteries** using alloys of the invention for anodes had discharge times of 101-107% of those of **batteries** using Zn-5% Hg alloy anodes when discharged through 4-Ω loads to 0.9-V cutoff.

IT 7440-39-3, Barium, uses and miscellaneous

(anodes contg., aluminum-indium-lead-zinc amalgam, for hydrogen-evolution suppression in alk. batteries)

RN 7440-39-3 HCA

CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba

IC ICM H01M004-42

ICA C22C018-00

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 56

ST **battery zinc alloy amalgam anode; lead**

**zinc alloy amalgam anode; aluminum zinc**

**alloy amalgam anode; indium zinc alloy amalgam  
anode**

IT **Anodes**

(**battery, zinc alloy amalgam, for suppression  
of hydrogen evolution**)

IT 7440-24-6, Strontium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-39-3,  
Barium, uses and miscellaneous 7440-41-7, Beryllium, uses and  
miscellaneous 7440-70-2, Calcium, uses and miscellaneous  
(anodes contg., aluminum-indium-lead-zinc amalgam, for  
hydrogen-evolution suppression in alk. **batteries**)

IT 111403-58-8  
(anodes, for hydrogen-evolution suppression in alk.  
**batteries**)

IT 1333-74-0, Hydrogen, uses and miscellaneous  
(suppression of evolution of, in alk. **batteries**, zinc  
alloy amalgams for)

L35 ANSWER 12 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 107:202202 HCA Full-text

TI Zinc alkaline **batteries**

IN Kasahara, Nobuyori; Uemura, Toyohide; Kagawa, Keiichi; Okazaki,  
Ryoji; Takada, Kanji; Miura, Akira

PA Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd., Japan; Matsushita Electric  
Industrial Co., Ltd.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.  
CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI JP 62176051	A	19870801	JP 1986-15765	
			198601	
		29		

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JP 06028159	B	19940413	
PRAI JP 1986-15765		19860129	<--

AB Zn-base alloys contg. In and/or Th 0.005-0.5, Pb (Cd and/or Ga) 0.005-0.5, Li (Na and/or Ba) 0.005-0.5, and Ni and/or Co 0.005-0.5% are used as **anodes** for alk. **Zn batteries**. Thus, a Zn alloy contg. 0.05% each of In, Pb, Li and Ni was pulverized in Ar stream, amalgamated to contain 1% Hg, and immersed in ZnO-satd. 40% KOH at 45° for 50 days. The amt. of evolved H was 0.04 mL/g vs. 0.08 mL/g for Zn-5% Hg alloy. When discharged continuously at 20° through a 4-Ω load to 0.9-V cutoff, an alk. **Zn-MnO<sub>2</sub> battery** using this alloy had a discharge time of 110% of that of a **battery** using a Zn-5% Hg alloy anode.

IT 111312-94-8 111312-98-2

(anodes, for alk. batteries, for hydrogen evolution suppression)

RN 111312-94-8 HCA

CN Zinc alloy, base, Zn 98,Hg 1,Ba 0.5 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Component	Component
Percent	Registry Number	

Zn	98	7440-66-6
Hg	1	7439-97-6
Ba	0.5	7440-39-3

RN 111312-98-2 HCA

CN Zinc alloy, base, Zn 97-99,Hg 1,Ba 0-0.5,Cd 0-0.5,Co 0-0.5,Ga 0-0.5,In 0-0.5,Li 0-0.5,Na 0-0.5,Ni 0-0.5,Pb 0-0.5,Tl 0-0.5 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Component	Component
Percent	Registry Number	

Zn	97 - 99	7440-66-6
Hg	1	7439-97-6
Ba	0 - 0.5	7440-39-3
Cd	0 - 0.5	7440-43-9
Co	0 - 0.5	7440-48-4
Ga	0 - 0.5	7440-55-3
In	0 - 0.5	7440-74-6
Li	0 - 0.5	7439-93-2
Na	0 - 0.5	7440-23-5
Ni	0 - 0.5	7440-02-0
Pb	0 - 0.5	7439-92-1
Tl	0 - 0.5	7440-28-0

IC ICM H01M004-42

ICA C22C018-00

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 56

ST **anode zinc amalgam battery**; lead

**lithium zinc amalgam anode; nickel indium  
zinc amalgam anode**

IT **Anodes**

(battery, zinc alloy amalgams, for hydrogen  
evolution suppression)

IT 104275-86-7 104275-87-8 104275-88-9 **111312-94-8**  
111312-95-9 **111312-98-2** 111312-99-3 111313-00-9  
111313-01-0 111313-02-1 111313-03-2 111313-04-3  
(anodes, for alk. batteries, for hydrogen evolution  
suppression)

IT 1333-74-0, Hydrogen, uses and miscellaneous  
(suppression of evolution of, in alk. batteries, zinc  
alloy amalgams for)

L35 ANSWER 13 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 105:122976 HCA Full-text

TI Zinc alkaline **battery**

IN Miura, Akira; Takata, Kanji; Okazaki, Ryoji; Uemura, Toyohide;  
Kagawa, Keiichi

PA Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan; Mitsui Mining and  
Smelting Co., Ltd.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 27 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI EP 185497	A1	19860625	EP 1985-308930	
			198512	
			09	

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EP 185497	B1	19880420	
R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE			
JP 61140062	A	19860627	JP 1984-262135
			198412
			12

<--

JP 61140065	A	19860627	JP 1984-262138	
			198412	
			12	

<--

JP 61181068	A	19860813	JP 1985-20372	
			198502	
			05	

JP 03065619	B	19911014	<--
JP 61181069	A	19860813	JP 1985-20373
			198502
			05
<--			
JP 03065620	B	19911014	
JP 62090852	A	19870425	JP 1985-230159
			198510
			16
<--			
JP 06022118	B	19940323	
JP 62090854	A	19870425	JP 1985-230161
			198510
			16
<--			
JP 01043429	B	19890920	
JP 62090857	A	19870425	JP 1985-231599
			198510
			17
<--			
JP 03065623	B	19911014	
AU 8551012	A	19860619	AU 1985-51012
			198512
			09
<--			
AU 558729	B2	19870205	
CN 85109759	A	19860716	CN 1985-109759
			198512
			11
<--			
CN 1004391	B	19890531	
US 4861688	A	19890829	US 1987-29343
			198703
			19
<--			
PRAI JP 1984-262135	A	19841212	<--
JP 1984-262138	A	19841212	<--
JP 1985-20372	A	19850205	<--
JP 1985-20373	A	19850205	<--
JP 1985-230159	A	19851016	<--
JP 1985-230161	A	19851016	<--
JP 1985-231599	A	19851017	<--
US 1985-804821	A1	19851205	<--

AB The title **battery** uses **MnO<sub>2</sub>**, Ag<sub>2</sub>O, etc. cathodes and **anodes** of **Zn** alloys contg. Ni 0.01-0.5; In, Pb, Ga, and/or Cd 0.01-0.5; and optionally Al, Mg, Ca, Ba, and/or Sr 0.05-0.2%. The use of these alloys

decreases the amt. of Hg used in manuf. of a low-pollution Zn alk. **battery** and for amalgamation of the anode surface for corrosion inhibition. Thus, various amalgamated (1.5%) Zn alloys according to the invention were prep'd. and evaluated in button-type Ag<sub>2</sub>O **battery** for discharge performance, change in total height, and no. of **batteries** showing leakage after standing at 60° and 90% relative humidity for 1 mo. Superior results were demonstrated for these **batteries** vs. those having **anodes** of Zn amalgam contg. 0 or 1 addnl. element (0.01-0.1 Ni; 0.1% Pb, Ga, or Cd).

IT 7440-39-3, uses and miscellaneous

(**anodes** from **zinc** amalgam contg., for leakproof and stable **batteries**)

RN 7440-39-3 HCA

CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba

IC ICM H01M004-42

ICS C22C018-00

CC 72-3 (Electrochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 52, 56

ST **zinc** alloy **battery** **anode**; nickel indium **zinc** alloy **anode**; lead nickel **zinc** alloy **anode**; gallium nickel **zinc** alloy **anode**; cadmium nickel **zinc** alloy **anode**; aluminum nickel **zinc** alloy **anode**; magnesium nickel **zinc** alloy **anode**; calcium nickel **zinc** alloy **anode**; barium nickel **zinc** alloy **anode**; strontium nickel **zinc** alloy **anode**; amalgam lead nickel **zinc** **anode**; silver oxide **zinc** **battery** leakage

IT Anodes

(**battery**, indium-nickel-zinc alloy amalgam, manuf. and performance of)

IT 7439-95-4, uses and miscellaneous 7440-24-6, uses and

miscellaneous 7440-39-3, uses and miscellaneous

7440-70-2, uses and miscellaneous

(**anodes** from **zinc** amalgam contg., for leakproof and stable **batteries**)

IT 103917-10-8 103917-11-9 103917-12-0 103917-13-1 103917-14-2

103917-15-3 103917-16-4 103917-17-5 103917-18-6 103917-19-7

103917-20-0 103917-21-1 103917-22-2 104275-77-6

(**anodes**, for leakproof and stable **batteries**)

L35 ANSWER 14 OF 14 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 104:158028 HCA Full-text

TI Rechargeable manganese(IV) oxide materials

AU Wroblowa, H. S.; Gupta, N.; Yao, Yung Fang

CS Ford Res. Staff, Dearborn, MI, USA

SO Battery Material Symposium, [Proceedings] (1985), 2nd,  
203-19

CODEN: BMSPEW

DT Journal

LA English

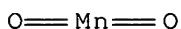
AB A discussion is given on the improvement of rechargeable properties of modified **MnO<sub>2</sub>** electrodes in the absence of complications introduced by the presence of zincate ions leading to the formation of haeterollite. Phys. modified materials were prep'd. by admixing foreign metal (M) oxides to Mn oxides. The M/Mn molar ratios varied between 0.01 and 0.25. Among the metals ions used were those of Al, Ag, Ba, Bi, Ca, Ce, Cu, K, La, Mn, Na, Pb, Sb, Sn, Y, Zn; of these, Ba<sup>2+</sup> and Sb<sup>3+</sup> imparted a rechargeability somewhat better than that obsd. for nonmodified  $\gamma$ -**MnO<sub>2</sub>** electrodes. The nature of the rechargeability of modified materials requires further study.

IT 1313-13-9, uses and miscellaneous

(cathodes, rechargeability of, metal additive effect on)

RN 1313-13-9 HCA

CN Manganese oxide (MnO<sub>2</sub>) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 7440-39-3, uses and miscellaneous 7440-66-6, uses

and miscellaneous

(manganese dioxide **battery** cathodes contg.,  
rechargeability in relation to)

RN 7440-39-3 HCA

CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba

RN 7440-66-6 HCA

CN Zinc (CA INDEX NAME)

Zn

CC 72-3 (Electrochemistry)

IT Cathodes

(**battery**, manganese dioxide, rechargeability of, metal

additive effect on)  
IT 1313-13-9, uses and miscellaneous  
(cathodes, rechargeability of, metal additive effect on)  
IT 7429-90-5, uses and miscellaneous 7439-91-0, uses and  
miscellaneous 7439-92-1, uses and miscellaneous 7439-96-5, uses  
and miscellaneous 7440-09-7, uses and miscellaneous 7440-22-4,  
uses and miscellaneous 7440-23-5, uses and miscellaneous  
7440-31-5, uses and miscellaneous 7440-36-0, uses and  
miscellaneous 7440-39-3, uses and miscellaneous  
7440-45-1, uses and miscellaneous 7440-50-8, uses and  
miscellaneous 7440-65-5, uses and miscellaneous 7440-66-6  
, uses and miscellaneous 7440-69-9, uses and miscellaneous  
7440-70-2, uses and miscellaneous  
(manganese dioxide **battery** cathodes contg.,  
rechargeability in relation to)

=> D HIS L36-

FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 13:14:26 ON 02 AUG 2007  
L36 1073 S (ZINC# OR ZN)(3A)MNO2  
L37 827 S L8 AND L36  
L38 4 S L37 AND (L9-L12)  
L39 12 S L37 AND L24  
L40 5 S (L38 OR L39) NOT (L33 OR L34 OR L35)  
L41 3 S 1840-2004/PY,PRY AND L40

=> D L41 1-3 BIB ABS HITSTR HITIND

L41 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 139:119832 HCA Full-text  
TI Chemical synthesis of ferrate iron(VI) and its electrochemical  
properties  
AU Pan, Jun-qing; Sun, Yan-zhi; Wan, Ping-yu; Chen, Yong-mei; Liu,  
Xiao-guang  
CS College of Science, Beijing University of Chemical Technology,  
Beijing, 100029, Peop. Rep. China  
SO Beijing Huagong Daxue Xuebao, Ziran Kexueban (2003),  
30(2), 97-100  
CODEN: BHDXAA; ISSN: 1671-4628  
PB Beijing Huagong Daxue Xuebao, Ziran Kexueban Bianji Weiyuanhui  
DT Journal  
LA Chinese

AB High-purity potassium and barium ferrate were prep'd. by alk. oxidn. of  $\text{Fe(OH)}_3$  with hypochlorite. The const. current discharge properties of  $\text{BaFeO}_4$  and  $\text{K}_2\text{FeO}_4$  cathodes were studied. The high load discharge properties of the Zn **batteries** based on  $\text{BaFeO}_4$  and  $\text{K}_2\text{FeO}_4$  cathode were investigated. Exptl. results indicate that the discharge capacity of  $\text{BaFeO}_4$  and  $\text{K}_2\text{FeO}_4$  cathode is 0.56-1.16 times higher than that of conventional electrolytic  $\text{MnO}_2$  cathode under low, medium, and high const. load discharge. The discharge time of the Zn **batteries** with  $\text{BaFeO}_4$  and  $\text{K}_2\text{FeO}_4$  cathode is longer than that of std. Zn/ $\text{MnO}_2$  during high const. load discharge.

IT 13773-23-4, Barium ferrate ( $\text{BaFeO}_4$ )  
(prepn. and electrochem. properties of barium and potassium ferrate used as cathodes in zinc **batteries**)

RN 13773-23-4 HCA

CN Barium iron oxide ( $\text{BaFeO}_4$ ) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Component	Ratio	Component   Registry Number
O	4	17778-80-2
Ba	1	7440-39-3
Fe	1	7439-89-6

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST barium ferrate prep'n; potassium ferrate prep'n; zinc **battery**  
ferrate cathode

IT **Battery** cathodes

Primary **batteries**

(prepn. and electrochem. properties of barium and potassium ferrate used as cathodes in zinc **batteries**)

IT 13718-66-6, Potassium ferrate ( $\text{K}_2\text{FeO}_4$ ) 13773-23-4, Barium ferrate ( $\text{BaFeO}_4$ )

(prepn. and electrochem. properties of barium and potassium ferrate used as cathodes in zinc **batteries**)

L41 ANSWER 2 OF 3 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 97:185340 HCA Full-text

TI Effect of sodium(+), potassium(+), ammonium, calcium(2+), and barium(2+) ions in manganese dioxide deposits on the electrical characteristics of manganese-zinc **batteries**

AU Dzhaparidze, L. N.; Abashidze, E. I.; Kakuriya, L. Sh.

CS Inst. Neorg. Khim. Elektrokhim., Tbilisi, USSR

SO Izvestiya Akademii Nauk Gruzinskoi SSR, Seriya Khimicheskaya (1982), 8(1), 48-54

CODEN: IGSKDH; ISSN: 0132-6074

DT Journal

LA Russian

AB Effects of the title cations on the performance of **MnO<sub>2</sub>-Zn batteries** and the structure of  $\text{MnO}_2$  are reported, and the importance of leaching of the electrolytic  $\text{MnO}_2$  is emphasized.

IT 7440-39-3, uses and miscellaneous  
(cathodes contg., manganese dioxide, **battery**,  
performance and structure of)

RN 7440-39-3 HCA

CN Barium (CA INDEX NAME)

Ba

CC 52-2 (Electrochemical, Radiational, and Thermal Energy Technology)

ST sodium effect manganese dioxide; potassium effect manganese dioxide;  
ammonium effect manganese dioxide; calcium effect manganese dioxide;  
barium effect manganese dioxide; **battery** manganese dioxide  
zinc

IT Cathodes  
(**battery**, manganese dioxide, performance and structure  
of, effect of cations on)

IT 7440-09-7, uses and miscellaneous 7440-23-5, uses and  
miscellaneous 7440-39-3, uses and miscellaneous  
7440-70-2, uses and miscellaneous 14798-03-9, uses and  
miscellaneous

(cathodes contg., manganese dioxide, **battery**,  
performance and structure of)

IT 1313-13-9, uses and miscellaneous  
(cathodes, **battery**, performance and structure of,  
effect of cations on)

L41 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCA COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 13:14196 HCA Full-text

OREF 13:2814c-f

TI The commercial rating of pocket-flash-light **batteries**.  
(Leclanche cells.)

AU Lux, H.

SO Elektrotechnische Zeitschrift (1919), 40, 19-22

CODEN: ELZEAM; ISSN: 0424-0200

DT Journal

LA Unavailable

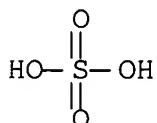
AB The manuf. of small **batteries** was an important item in Germany during the war. The scarcity of **MnO<sub>2</sub>**, and **Zn** and the tendency to market inferior **batteries** gave rise to stringent specifications which were drawn up by a union of flash-light-battery manufacturers. The situation today is better than before the war. The quality is very uniform today although it is conceded that **batteries** with an 8-hr. life have disappeared from the market entirely. According to the German specifications a new **battery**'s open-circuit voltage must not be less than 4.5 when detd. with a voltmeter of 100 ohm per volt resistance. When short-circuited through a resistance of 15 ohms the **battery** voltage must not be less than 3.9. The **battery** must have a life of 2.5 (grade B) to 3 (grade A) hrs. when discharged

continuously through 15 ohms a drop to 1.8 volts detg. end of "life." As regards the shelf test, the **battery** must show a potential of at least 3.4 volts when shorted through 15 ohms after 13 weeks. One of the standard types of cells has a Zn container 20 mm. in diam. by 55 mm. high. The C rod is 16 mm. in diam. by 40 mm. in length. Traces of Cu or Fe in the MnO<sub>2</sub> or C rod tend to reduce the efficiency and life of **battery** considerably. Full details of tests are given. [Cf. also Ibid 40, 147 (1919).]

IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate  
(in accumulators, function of)

RN 7727-43-7 HCA

CN Sulfuric acid, barium salt (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



● Ba

CC 4 (Electrochemistry)

IT Flash light  
(batteries, com. rating of)

IT 7727-43-7, Barium sulfate  
(in accumulators, function of)

=> FILE REG

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:14:15 ON 02 AUG 2007

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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=> D HIS

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:32:38 ON 02 AUG 2007

E BARIUM SULFATE/CN

L1 1 S E3

E BARIUM HYDROXIDE/CN

L2 1 S E3

E BARIUM CARBONATE/CN

L3 1 S E3

E BARIUM OXIDE/CN

L4 1 S E3

L5 140 S (BA (L) O)/ELS (L) 2/ELC.SUB

E MANGANESE DIOXIDE/CN

L6 1 S E3

E ZINC/CN

L7 1 S E3

FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 12:37:45 ON 02 AUG 2007

L8 240274 S (BATTERY OR BATTERIES OR (ELECTROCHEM? OR ELECTROLY? OR

L9 25682 S L1 OR BASO4

L10 16226 S L2 OR BA(W)OH(W)2

L11 16875 S L3 OR BACO3

L12 34815 S L4 OR L5 OR BAO

L13 40383 S L6 OR MNO2

L14 305280 S L7

L15 8146 S (ZINC# OR ZN)(2A)(ANOD## OR (NEG# OR NEGATIV?)(A)ELECTR

L16 55 S L8 AND (L9 OR L10 OR L11 OR L12) AND L13

L17 18 S L16 AND L14

L18 11 S L16 AND L15

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:42:44 ON 02 AUG 2007

E TITANIA/CN

L19 1 S E3

FILE 'HCA' ENTERED AT 12:44:15 ON 02 AUG 2007

L20 273899 S L19 OR TIO2 OR (TITANIUM# OR TI)(W)(OXIDE# OR DIOXIDE#)

L21 5 S (L17 OR L18) AND L20